



**ANNUAL TOWN REPORT**

*of*

**LASTONBURY**

CONNECTICUT

*For The Year Ending August 31*

**1948**

#### THE COVER

Half of every Glastonbury tax dollar is spent for education—an expenditure which every citizen considers a sound investment. This year's Town Report cover provides a fitting introduction to the feature article on education in Glastonbury and the progress which has been made during the past thirty years.

## FOREWORD

**I**T is again our privilege to bring to you an Annual Report, depicting the activities of the various town agencies and the financial transactions connected therewith.

There are no startling innovations or changes from previous reports. We have, however, been glad to take advantage of suggestions leading to an improved set-up. Among other things, it is pointed out that it has been difficult to determine the net operating cost of any one department. For purposes of clarification we are, therefore, not only segregating—as in the past—all expenses pertaining to departments, but also all receipts, from whatever source. The actual cost to the Town of any department can now be readily ascertained by reference to the schedule of the receipts and expenditures for the past year, or to the compilation “where the money comes from and goes”. This compilation, with its percentage figures, is in itself worth careful study.

While we have, as usual, endeavored to keep figures at a minimum, these unavoidably cover many pages. Even more detail is provided in the complete Auditors' Report, on file with the Town Clerk.

The article “After Thirty Years” by Francis S. Knox, our Superintendent of Schools since 1917, is a particularly timely one in view of present problems connected with educational expenses and school plant expansion, here and elsewhere. In this article Mr. Knox paints a vivid picture of the changes that have taken place in the concept of education during his term of office, and of the improvements both in teaching methods and in physical plant which have been carried out under his direction. He would, however, probably be the last to claim personal credit for these.

All assistance rendered in the preparation of this Report is gratefully acknowledged.

#### BOARD OF FINANCE.

John H. Roser, Chairman.

## FACTS ABOUT GLASTONBURY

Settled as part of Wethersfield in 1634.

Incorporated: 1693.

**Location:** On east side of Connecticut River approximately six miles southeast of Hartford; geographical center of state.

**Town Boundaries:** On the north by Wethersfield (small section); East Hartford and Manchester. On the east by Bolton, Hebron and Marlborough. On the west by Connecticut River. On the south by East Hampton and Portland.

**Form of Government:** Town Meeting.

**Population:** 1930, 5783; 1940, 6632; 1948, 9100 (estimated).

**Grand List;** \$13,283,744.00

**Number of Dwellings:** 1821

**Tax Rate:** Fire Zone 1, 29 mills; Fire Zone 2, 28 mills; Fire Zone 3, 27½ mills.

**Area:** 35,116 acres (ninth largest town in area in the state.)

**Greatest Altitude:** 920 feet (northeast section of town).

**Public Schools:** seven elementary; one high school.

**Fire Protection:** stations in North, South and East Glastonbury with equipment.

**Police:** one station with equipment.

**Public Libraries:** two, one town owned.

**Churches:** three Congregational; two Episcopal; two Roman Catholic; one Methodist Episcopal; one Lutheran; one Ukrainian.

**Banks:** one, with assets of over \$5,500,000.

**Insurance Companies:** one, home office.

**Theatres:** one, with seating capacity of 586.

**Golf Course:** one, town controlled.

**Principal Products:** soaps and toilet accessories, textiles, pigskin leather, silverware, furniture, aircraft precision instruments, fibre glass insulation, machine tools and dies, fire extinguishers, welding materials, batteries, canvas products, carbonated beverages, candy, broadleaf and shade-grown tobacco, fruits and berries, market garden produce, poultry, dairy products, peat moss, granite.

**Miles of Highway:** approximately 160, including State highways.

**Principal Highways:** Route 2 to New London; route 17 to Middletown; route 94 to Hebron.

## AFTER THIRTY YEARS

By Francis S. Knox

**I**N 1909 the Town of Glastonbury was, by State law, required to place the Management of all public schools under one Board of six members. Before that time there had been eighteen elementary school districts managed by eighteen different school committees, and one public high school or academy. Eight of these schools were two-teacher, or larger. Ten of them were one room buildings.

The Town School Committee took over the management of the schools with a plan for consolidation of the little schools into larger units. But from 1909 until 1915 there was little change, in a physical sense.

1917

The people were struggling with ideas and plans for better schools.

It seems that the public school had developed slowly. The idea of more costly buildings, a wider range of subject matter, better trained teachers, and heavier taxes, aroused fear and resentment. The vision of what the citizen of the future should be was seen by relatively few.



*Smaller groups of students — preferably under 35 to a classroom — are an important objective of Glastonbury's Board of Education.*

World War One was only a remote cloud on the horizon. The Town was rather complacent. It did not want to change. The new Superintendent of Schools asked about policies. "What are the rules? What is the salary schedule? What are the teacher preparation standards?"

He was given a bunch of keys to fourteen little schools and one high school. "There is your job." "Hire the teachers as cheaply as you can." "Bargain with them." "Do not waste money." "They are not worth much." "You write the Town certificates if you hire them." Those were the curt instructions given when he went to work.

We were in the War. The young men were drafted "to save Democracy." And they did, too.

But the children had to go to school. Buildings were old, crowded and many were ill kept. But they were dear to the memories of those men and women who had attended school in them. Few wished them changed.

So seventy little children were put in one rented, overflow room and a devoted young girl was given a certificate to teach them. She and the Superintendent learned a lot that year. There was little evidence that the children learned. They were taught as a grade and given lists of words, titles, place names, and number facts to memorize. That procedure was common practice. The teacher was paid \$12.00 per week.

There was a strike of parents. They refused to send their children to school. At the hearing, conducted by a State Department official, they said that they "wanted better transportation. A dump truck was "not good enough."

The ferment was beginning to grow.

The Board of Education was in a difficult position—torn between a strong desire for better schools, better teachers, and public apathy, or outright opposition.

The war was won. Men saw how destructive autocracy could be and took steps to give the children a better education for democracy.

The Constitution of the United States was put up on the new school house walls along with colored charts of native birds.

Children were urged to see life around them, to discuss current events, to consider government. The League of Nations was



*Every child is an individual; consequently individual instruction is given wherever possible.*

a little too controversial for teachers to handle. They were not completely trusted.

The State was taking a direct hand in organizing laws governing schools. The idea of the obligation of the Town to educate for State citizenship was being brought out. Teacher certification by the State was demanded. Those Town certificates, written out of hand by the Superintendent, lost their value. Teachers began to study their profession, its opportunities and its duties. The State set up a retirement system for Teachers.

A new high school was built, not without friction. People took sides, violently, but the proponents won. School buildings were overflowing with children, so little schools began to disappear and larger, more modern ones, were built.

The school bus idea was a matter for argument. People wanted their children to ride to better schools but they hated to pay the bill. "This is the first step in a movement that will cover this Town with school bus routes," said the Chairman as he signed an order for the first motorized bus. It broke a good many ax'les on the rough frozen roads, or in the mud, but proved its economy and efficiency. The bus routes expanded.

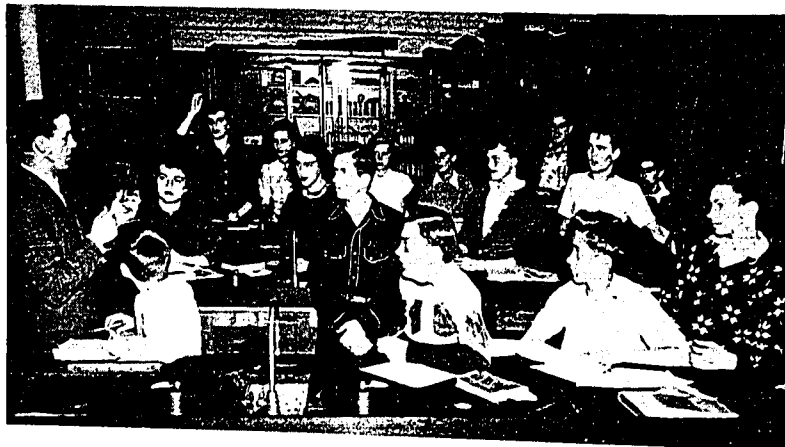
The new high school began to realize the dream of some far seeing citizens and taught some vocational subjects: Agriculture, Homemaking, Business, as well as the old line College preparatory subjects. "Why learn to cook or sew?" "A girl can learn that at home just as well." "Can my child go to college from that high school?" "What's the use of learning how to raise chickens?"

The idea of secondary education for all was catching on and being fiercely debated.

The Depression hit us, hard. But strangely enough the Town did little to curtail costs of education. Rather, young and old flocked into the schools begging for classes in everything from Algebra to Zoology. "I always did want to study Psychology but didn't have time. Will you start a class for us if we get a group?" All the old chairs in town were caned in craft classes for adults. The Federal Government paid the bill. But the people had found their schools.

With returning prosperity the struggle for better schools, where any one could learn anything, kept up. There were household community classes for adults who wished to learn English, American History and Government, and to prepare for citizenship.

The idea that each child is different from every other child, was brought forth again. It had been basic to the little one



*A typical classroom scene at the High School. The instructor is conducting an experiment in chemistry.*



*Development of strong bodies is as essential as the development of strong minds. Modern education includes physical education for every able bodied student.*

room school but had been lost sight of in the rush to consolidate, to build larger, to bring groups together.

People were thinking in terms of grades, where all were considered to be alike and treated as one.

Children had been failing in progress under that system and were piling up in the fifth grade, at fourteen years old; then leaving school. Few finished high school.

But now the idea was catching on. Now they were staying in school. Teachers began to see the broad field of education, to talk about individual testing, adapting the curriculum to the individual, and acting as a counselor or guide for each child, to point out the paths to vocation; to technical schools, colleges, vocational schools.

A Special Class for Exceptional Children was started under a specially trained teacher. The idea that each child is different from all others was growing. Class sizes were limited. Seventy in one room was too many. Thirty-five was better. If you taught individuals, as in a special class, twenty was the maximum.

Health, physical and mental, was stressed.

Every child was carefully examined by a skillful physician, all defects listed, and corrected if possible, eyes tested, hearing checked.

A school nurse was employed, a dental hygienist worked on all who would accept her services. It was recognized that the country needed strong healthy citizens; for defense, for industry, for good living.

A specialist was hired to teach group play. The high school principal went fishing with his boys before school in the mornings. Children began to think school was fun. Student Councils discussed government with faculty members and helped administer the schools.

The Second World War came—

Everyone knows that story, all too well.

Not only our freedom but our existence was sorely threatened. Everyone did what he could.

Teachers became people, useful in classrooms and in many varied activities. They issued ration books, worked odd shifts in factories or on farms. They became identified with the community. They discovered new abilities and interests. They were drafted or enlisted. The supply of trained teachers was reduced.

Pupils worked odd hours as soon as classes were over. Boys went to stores, factories, farms; girls served in hospitals.

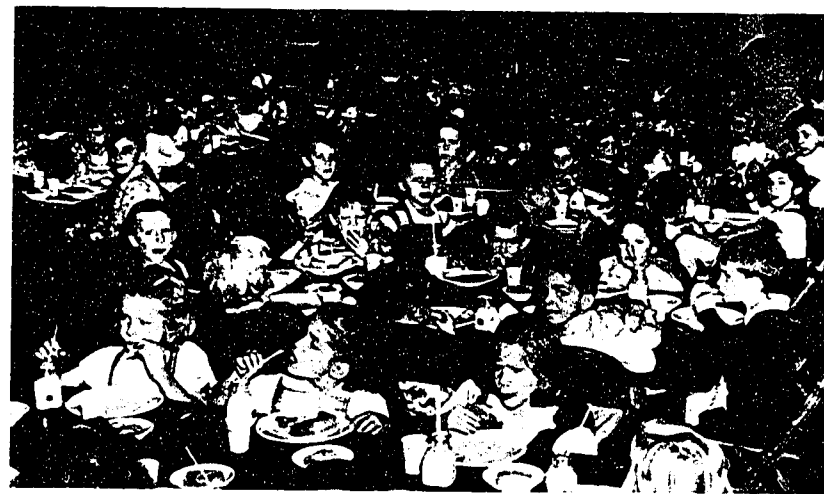
Once more the boys went off to War. The importance of fine healthy bodies and trained, informed minds became evident.

Boys studied their languages, mathematics and sciences up to the day they were drafted. They even learned to cook and make clothes. A secondary school education had come to stay.

The United Aircraft had settled in East Hartford before the war. Suddenly it began to expand. People came from all over the country to work there. They came to Glastonbury to live. They brought children from the school systems of 48 states.

"Where do you have vacant classrooms?" "The Government is going to build 200 housing units for Aircraft people." So we got Welles Village and a school overflowed with children.

But here another shortage was felt. Who would teach the children, if all went into industry? We had to get older people



*Hot lunches make a significant contribution to student health and well-being. Glastonbury's well managed program is sponsored by the P. T. A.*

back into classrooms and even then there were not enough. More children meant more teachers, more classrooms, more facilities of all kinds, more school busses. And always more and more money to pay for it.

Planning for the future became a pressing need. Studies were made, population trends were charted, methods were examined and the town came up with a plan. A plan for immediate, necessary rooms for little children; a plan for consolidating all small schools; a plan for reorganizing all schools into six elementary grades, three junior high school grades and three senior high school grades, in modern, roomy, comfortable, safe buildings.

Costs that would have shocked 1925 were only matters for sober thought in 1948.

The guiding principle had become: "to develop and maintain a complete system of free public education, in accordance with the best interests of the Town and the needs of each individual."

Costs of \$30,000.00 in 1917 had grown to \$300,000.00 in 1948.

"Salaries of not less than \$12.00 per week" in 1917 had changed to "a minimum of \$2,400.00," for a beginning teacher in 1948. Sick leave with pay and pensions after 35 years service had become the order of the day.

Teachers were urged to travel and study, to broaden their resources and to perfect scholarship. If a teacher were to keep up with radio, television, and news sources today she had to be in good health, contented, vigorous, and industrious. If she were to talk on equal terms with the present day 10-year-old, she must know how to read road maps as well as have a speaking acquaintance with Alaska, Australia, and the Yellowstone, nuclear fission, and baseball.

The foregoing began as a glance at the past, as an explanation of the present.

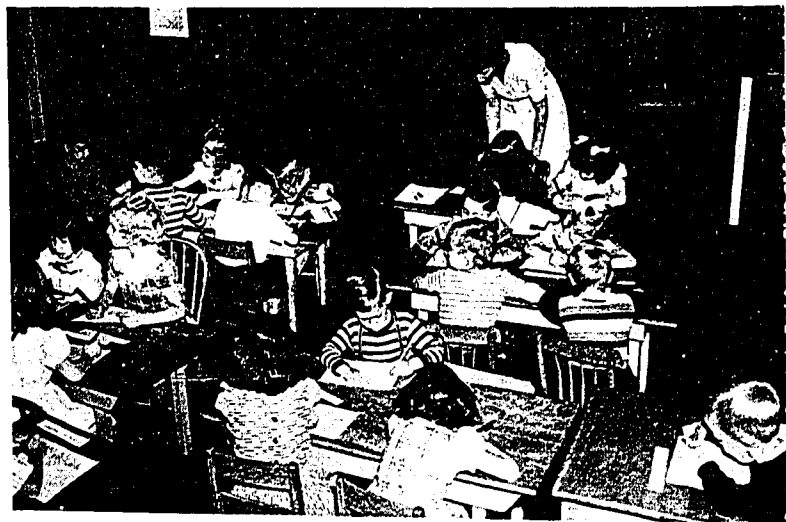
How about the future?

What are the rights of a child?

What are the rights of these little sons and daughters of the veterans of World War Two.

Shall they have 12 years of free public education as their parents and grandparents had, or must they be content to have us turn back the clock of progress and crowd them 70 into one room, to read one book a year, to leave school in disgust as soon as the law allows?

When do tyrants get their power, in dull regimented minds or in the thoughts of a free educated people?



*Individual instruction starts with the primary grades. Above, an example of how first graders begin their learning in Glastonbury Schools.*

The answers are obvious.

Careful economy, planned financing, will keep the costs in line with our abilities to pay.

Interested groups of parents—such as the Parent-Teacher Organizations—will do much to help, as they are now doing. Councils of citizens will study and advise. And above all an aggressive, well trained, broad-minded force of teachers will carry the schools on.

There will be Problems For Everyone. And Democracy will be safe.

## TOWN OFFICIALS 1948-1949

	SELECTMEN	
Donald H. Potter <i>First</i>	John A. Carini <i>Second</i>	Bruce E. Richards <i>Third</i>

TOWN CLERK	TOWN COUNSEL	TAX COLLECTOR
John A. Miller	Walter M. Downes	Wesley J. Pollard

TOWN TREASURER	FIRE MARSHAL	ASSESSOR
Robert O. Rider	Albert W. Dickau	Ray W. Walz

SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS  
Francis S. Knox

HEALTH OFFICER	SOCIAL WORKER
Edwin M. Griswold M. D.	Hazel H. Nevin

BUILDING INSPECTOR	TREE WARDEN	CHIEF OF POLICE
Ray W. Walz	Aaron W. Kinne	George C. Hall

BOARD OF TAX REVIEW

Nathan G. Richards 1949	Chas. R. Saglio 1949
Harry W. Potter 1951	

REGISTRARS OF VOTERS

Herbert T. Clark	John D. Sullivan
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CONSTABLES

Grant T. Wilson	Edmund MacNeil
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AGENTS OF TOWN DEPOSIT FUND

Elizabeth Wilcox	Stanley Malecky	Frank J. Kusiak
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BOARD OF EDUCATION

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Cornelia J. MacClain	Alan S. Wilson	Walter F. Foley
Louis O. House Jr.	B. Baylis Earle	Chas. A. Bader

DIRECTORS OF PUBLIC LIBRARY

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Martin L. Roser	Anson J. Hopkins	B. Baylis Earle
Alice Demar	B. Floyd Turner	Laura H. Gorton

## BOARD OF FINANCE

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
John Q. Goodrich	Raymond H. Friel	Francis G. Way
Mervin B. Edmonston	John H. Roser	Joseph J. Katz

TOWN PLAN AND ZONING COMMISSION

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Francis Gondek	Herbert N. Whittemore	Harold Jones*
Arthur B. Onderdonk	Sterling J. McKean*	Richard B. Moore

INCORPORATORS GLASTONBURY FREE ACADEMY

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Lucie K. Rankin	Ottaley Carrier	Marjorie Wooldridge
Henry L. Fuller	Jessie H. Young	Josie M. Lavalette

POLICE COMMISSION

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
George W. Preli	Samuel W. Friend	Alfred J. Dussault*
J. William Purtill	F. Howard Carrier	Richard D. Pitney

WELFARE COMMISSION

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Irene M. Walsh	Edmund MacNeil*	Edith H. Kinne
Edwin M. Griswold	Grace D. Pilgard	Mary M. Downes

FIRE COMMISSION

<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1951</i>	<i>Term 1953</i>
Heleodore Landry	George V. Olson	Dwight Weir
Edwin A. Behrendt	Michael Milek	Francis J. Muccio

ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

<i>Term 1948</i>	<i>Term 1949</i>	<i>Term 1950</i>
Henry J. Carini	Arthur F. Goethner	Anson J. Hopkins
<i>Term 1951</i>		<i>Term 1952</i>
Sigmund A. Czarnecki		Peter P. Philips

TOWN COURT

J. Ronald Regnier	Raymond H. Friel
<i>Judge</i>	<i>Deputy Judge</i>
Ralph A. Bowman	Frank L. Bulkley
<i>Prosecutor and Clerk</i>	<i>Deputy Prosecutor</i>
	Philip M. Rose
	<i>Probation Officer</i>

RECREATION COMMITTEE

Charles E. Littel	Francis S. Knox (ex-officio)
Chester Lysik	Donald Potter (ex-officio)
James Kinne	Dr. L. J. Whittles, Chairman
George Stavnitsky	

\*Vacancy appointment until next election.



## MINUTES OF TOWN MEETINGS

### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium      September 18, 1947    8.00 P. M.

Lewis W. Stevenson called the meeting to order and Aaron W. Kinne was elected Chairman. Robert E. Goodrich was elected Clerk.

The call of the meeting was read by the Clerk as follows:

1. To act upon a petition presented to The Board of Selectmen for the purpose of considering and passing upon the advisability of Amending Section 2, of the use regulations controlling residence zones as set forth in the adopted building zone regulations, by striking out paragraph 2 thereof, or making such other change therein as the good judgment of the voters in said meeting shall decide.

2. To consider and act upon the approval and acceptance of Public Act 418 (1947), an act amending the Zoning Enabling Act.

On the subject of the first item on the call Mr. Roy Magnuson spoke in opposition to labor camps in town and presented a resolution amending Paragraph 2, Section 2 of the adopted Building Zone Regulations to read: "No such boarding house may be occupied by more than fifteen paying guests, roomers or lodgers." After being seconded, discussion followed. Harold Connolly suggested that labor camps might be controlled by limiting use and occupancy of any dwelling to not more than five boarders or paying guests in addition to members of the family. He said such a clause was in use in one of our neighboring towns.

Titus Hale asked and was granted permission to speak because he is not a legal voter of Glastonbury. As General Manager of Consolidated Cigar Co. in this area he explained the Company's reason for desiring to build barracks on River Road. Workers have been housed in a warehouse on Hubbard Street since 1942 but that building is desired for the purpose it was built, namely to store tobacco, and the Company has only tentative plans to erect barracks on its River Road property. The projected site is more than a quarter mile from the nearest non-company owned residence and is desirable for its proximity to the plantations as well as for the recreational facilities it can provide. The structure would have all modern conveniences. It would house about 50 men year round and an additional 100 men in the summer.

Mr. Hale defended his corporation's labor record and spoke of the very good behavior of their men over the years. In response to questions from the floor, he explained that their workers consisted of imported Jamaicans who are carefully picked and selected colored boys from southern schools and colleges under supervision of the Dean of Men, Hampton University. He stated that his company had every intention of continuing to use such selected personnel.

The speaker also mentioned that the planned building valued at fifty or sixty thousand dollars plus about \$230,000. worth of tobacco which could be stored in the warehouse would add about \$5000. tax revenue to the town annually.

Other speakers against any type of labor barracks in addition to Mr. Magnuson and Mr. Connolly, were S. J. McKean, Richard Moore, Renfield Lamphere, Clifford Packard and Mr. Robb. Herbert Clark asked what effect such a proposed amendment would have on existing boarding houses. The chairman said they could continue.

After much discussion on changes in the wording of the proposed amendment, Mr. Magnuson withdrew his resolution. Mr. McKean then presented the following motion:

"A committee of five be appointed by this meeting to study the question and present a Resolution to another Town Meeting to be held within sixty days.

The motion was seconded by Mr. Mucklow and was passed with two dissenting votes.

The meeting then elected the following committee—

ROY MAGNUSON, Chairman  
RICHARD B. MOORE  
J. RONALD REGNIER  
HAROLD CONNOLLY  
ROBERT LEWIS

The second item on the call was considered next and the Chairman explained that the present Zoning laws would go out of existence on October 1st by act of the 1947 Legislature, unless Public Act 418 were adopted by the Town.

A motion by Mr. Friel and duly seconded to "Adopt and accept Public Act 418 (1947)" was passed unanimously.

The meeting adjourned at 10.15 P. M.

Attest: ROBERT E. GOODRICH, Clerk-pro-tem.

### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium November 3, 1947

The meeting was called to order by Donald Potter, First Selectman. Robert O. Rider was nominated and elected Chairman.

John Miller offered the following resolution which was adopted unanimously.

**RESOLVED:** That the action of the Selectmen and Board of Education in giving a Warrantee Deed of the Hopewell School Property on December 6, 1945 to Anthony Quagliaroli, said deed being recorded in Glastonbury Land Records Vol. 76 page 123, be, and the same is, hereby ratified and approved.

L. J. House presented the following resolution which was duly seconded:

**RESOLVED:** That the Town of Glastonbury does hereby accept the tentative allotment of state aid in the sum of \$34,-750.00 made by the Public School Building Commission of the State of Connecticut to the Town of Glastonbury for the purpose of assisting said town in the construction of an elementary school for said town, such tentative allotment to be subject to alteration or adjustment so as to comply with the provisions of Public Act No. 333, amended by the 1947 General Assembly, and to be subject to this express condition, to wit: that any allotment of any kind made to said town by said Public School Building Commission shall be rendered of no effect if actual construction pursuant to a contract let in connection therewith shall not be started within one year following the date of this resolution, unless the time for starting such construction shall be extended by the Public School Building Commission of the State of Connecticut.

Several questions were asked the Chairman regarding how the Board of Education planned to spend the money applied for in the resolution. L. O. House, Francis Knox and Town Counsel Walter Downes answered these questions to nearly everyone's satisfaction.

The resolution was put to a voice vote and passed unanimously.

Approximately 250 persons were in attendance.

Voted to adjourn at 8.50 P. M.

JOHN A. MILLER, Acting Town Clerk.

### Adjourned Annual Town Meeting

High School Auditorium November 24, 1947

The meeting was called to order at 8.00 P. M. by Atty. Walter Downes. He asked for nominations for a moderator and the names of Lewis O. Kinne and Robert O. Rider were presented. On a rising vote Mr. Rider was declared elected.

Acting Town Clerk John Miller read the call of the meeting.

1. **Voted:** To accept the reports of the several Town Officers as printed in the 1947 Town Report.

2. **Voted:** That the budget as prepared by the Board of Finance be adopted as printed in the Town Report.

3. **Voted:** To authorize the Treasurer of the Town to borrow on the faith and credit of the Town a sum of money not to exceed Two Hundred Fifty Thousand (\$250,000.) Dollars for the current expenses of the Town during the ensuing year and to issue therefor the note or notes of the Town and in renewal thereof as needed.

4. **Voted:** That the annual Town tax due on the list of 1947 be payable in two equal installments, due April 1, 1948 and July 1, 1948 with the provision that tax bills under \$20.00 be paid in one installment due April 1, 1948.

5. **Voted:** That on recommendation of the Board of Finance, said Board be authorized to levy, on the Grand List of October 1, 1947, a tax of two mills for the Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expenditures, this tax to be collected with the regular property tax.

Voted to adjourn at 8.30 P. M.

JOHN A. MILLER, Acting Town Clerk.

### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium November 24, 1947

This meeting was called to order immediately after adjournment of the Adjourned Annual Town Meeting.

On a voice vote it was voted that Robert O. Rider remain as Moderator and John Miller as Clerk.

Mr. L. O. House read a report of the Board of Education explaining the Board's stand on a proposed school building pro-

gram as follows: The Board of Education proposes to the Town of Glastonbury that three building plans be adopted:

1. A four classroom addition to the Naubuc School, with the necessary sanitary and heating facilities.
2. A complete new school in the eastern part of the town, of six classrooms, assembly, lunch-playroom, with appropriate sanitary, storage and heating facilities.
3. An expansion of the High School facilities to include connecting units between the present High School, Williams Memorial, the Academy school and the proposed Memorial gymnasium, to complete a six year high school plant for school and community use.

The best estimates on costs of construction, architect's fees, and equipment for the above are:

- a) \$ 92,000.00 Naubuc
- b) \$230,000.00 New east school
- c) \$720,000.00 Combined High school addition and War Memorial gymnasium

Mr. House then offered the following resolution:

BE IT RESOLVED: That the Town of Glastonbury, in a duly called special town meeting, does accept and approve of this program of school building and Memorial gymnasium construction.

2. The Board of Education is hereby constituted as a building committee to carry out the details of the program for the Naubuc School addition, in 1948, and the East consolidated school in 1949.

3. The Board of Education with the addition of six members of the Committee of 21, to be appointed by that committee, is, as of this meeting, hereby constituted as a building committee for the purpose of completing the details of the Memorial gymnasium and the High School addition and securing bids and carrying out the construction of these buildings in 1952.

4. The Board of Finance is requested to prepare to finance the three building projects as scheduled in paragraphs 2 and 3 of this resolution and to present to future town meetings recommendations for specific appropriations, at such times as shall be necessary, of funds to carry this complete program of building into effect.

No action was taken on the resolution immediately to allow further reports and discussions.

Donald Potter read a report of the majority opinion of the World War II Memorial Gym Committee. It stated that on a 7 to 5 vote within the Committee, the Board of Education's program was favored. It also stated the minority opinion would be aired at this meeting. Raymond Friel explained the attitude of the Board of Finance in supporting the Board of Education's program. Richard Buck, speaking for a large group of East Glastonbury and Buckingham area residents favored the same program.

John Dufford then spoke for the minority group of the Memorial Gym Committee. He offered the following amendment to Mr. House's resolution: "Resolved, That the World War II Memorial Gymnasium, the Naubuc school additions and the East Glastonbury school be erected immediately and the same be financed by means of a long term bond issue."

Lewis Kinne, Louis Chevallier and Frank Haraburda spoke at length in favor of the amendment. Many questions were asked the chair as to various possible means of financing the program. John Goodrich, speaking for the Board of Finance and Francis Knox, Superintendent of Schools answered some of the questions but no one could definitely state just what the contemplated programs would cost the individual taxpayer in increased mills.

Question was called for on the amendment offered by John Dufford. On a rising vote, 156 were in favor of the amendment and 186 were against. The amendment was declared lost.

On a rising vote, the original resolution offered by Mr. House was declared carried.

Item 2. On the question of amending the Zoning Regulations of the Town pertaining to Boarding and Rooming houses, Roy Magnuson offered the following resolution:

RESOLVED: a) In lieu of Section II, Paragraph 2, now reading "Boarding and Rooming Houses," there shall be substituted the following: "The use or occupancy of a dwelling, customarily used and designated as a residence, by not more than ten persons as roomers, lodgers, boarders or paying guests, in addition to the members of the family residing in such dwelling."

b) This amendment shall take effect on date of passage.

This item was VOTED as read.

Item 3. Regarding the election of a new Town Recreation Committee. Dr. Whittles offered the following resolution.

RESOLVED: That the Board of Selectmen be instructed to appoint a Recreation Committee of five members, this committee, until the next annual town meeting, to maintain and supervise the use of such facilities for recreation as the Town of Glastonbury provides and to administer all funds appropriated for recreation by said town. The First Selectman and Superintendent of Schools shall be ex-officio members of this committee.

This item was VOTED as read.

There being no further business to come before the meeting, the moderator called for a motion to adjourn and it was so voted, at 10:10 P. M.

Approximately 400 persons were in attendance.

JOHN A. MILLER, Acting Town Clerk.

#### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium                      January 26, 1948    8.00 P. M.

The meeting was called to order by First Selectman Donald Potter at 8:05 P. M. with nine people present. Judge J. Ronald Regnier was unanimously elected Chairman of the meeting.

The Clerk read the call of the meeting and on a motion made by Donald Potter it was VOTED: That the Town of Glastonbury appropriate the sum of \$2,500.00 to be used for painting, repairs, furniture and sidewalk improvements at the Town Office Building.

Upon the motion of John Miller it was VOTED: To approve the action of the Board of Selectmen in deeding a strip of land approximately 80 feet wide by 600 feet deep at the Town Dump, to Antonia Ciak, in exchange for a similar sized strip of land at the Easterly end of the Town Dump under date of October 3, 1947.

Voted to adjourn at 8.15 P. M.

Attest:

JOHN A. MILLER, Town Clerk.

#### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium

March 29, 1948

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 P. M. by First Selectman Donald Potter. Robert O. Rider was elected moderator by acclamation.

The Town Clerk read the call of the meeting.

1. On the matter of enrolling the employees of the Town Highway Department in the Connecticut Municipal Employees Retirement Fund, Donald Potter offered the following resolution:

"Be it resolved that the provisions of Chapter 35B of the 1945 Supplement to the General Statutes, said chapter 35B being entitled: "Retirement of Municipal Employees" be and is hereby accepted for the purpose of providing for the retirement of all Highway Department Employees of the Town of Glastonbury receiving pay therefrom, and be it further resolved that the sum of \$848.50 be appropriated as an initial payment on the part of the Town, said sum due and payable on July 1, 1948."

This resolution was adopted unanimously.

2. Upon a motion by Louis O. House it was VOTED: That the Town of Glastonbury appropriate a sum not to exceed \$133,500.00 for the purpose of making alterations in the Naubuc School, and building an addition to the Naubuc School, and that the Board of Education be appointed a Building Committee for the carrying out of these alterations and erection of this addition.

2a. Upon a motion made by John H. Roser it was VOTED: For the purpose of financing the Naubuc School Addition, the Treasurer is hereby authorized to draw on the Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expenditures and additions to be made thereto before August 31st, 1949, to the amount of \$133,500, provided that any sum or sums granted by the State of Connecticut towards the cost of the aforesaid school addition shall revert to such Reserve Fund.

2b. Upon a motion made by John H. Roser it was VOTED: To authorize the Treasurer to borrow on the faith and credit of the Town, sufficient money to meet incoming bills for construction and equipment of the Naubuc School addition until the necessary additions to the Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expenditures become available.

3. Upon a motion made by George Olson, Chairman of the Fire Commission it was VOTED: To appropriate the sum of \$817.50 to complete payment of the architect's fees for the proposed South Glastonbury Fire House.

4. George Olson asked for an expression of opinion from the town meeting assembled regarding what course of action should be taken by the Town in regard to construction of a new Fire House for Co. No. 2 in South Glastonbury. He received at least a dozen heated opinions in short order. Dana Waring offered the following resolution.

BE IT RESOLVED That this Town Meeting go on record as recommending to the Board of Finance that funds for the South Glastonbury Fire House be provided along with a speeding up of the whole school building program, and increasing the tax rate to accomplish these ends. William Purtill attempted to amend this motion by advocating that the town purchase 100 acres of land and build a race track to finance these contemplated expenditures. The amendment was lost. Aaron Kinne asked if the moderator knew if the original resolution was carried. It was put to a voice vote and declared carried.

The moderator asked for a motion to adjourn at 9.15 P. M. which was readily forthcoming.

Attest: JOHN A. MILLER, Town Clerk.

#### Special Town Meeting

High School Auditorium

May 5, 1948

The meeting was called to order at 8:00 P. M. by First Selectman Donald Potter. John A. Carini was elected Moderator.

The Town Clerk read the call of the meeting.

Victor Blanthin, Chairman of the Town Plan and Zoning Commission explained the Commission's request for an appropriation of \$2,125.00 to cover cost of hiring an expert to make recommendations regarding re-zoning the Town, and revising the Zoning laws.

Aaron Kinne spoke in opposition, stating he believed that local people would be able to do this work better at very little cost. The question was thoroughly discussed by the small group of ten present and finally it was VOTED: To appropriate \$2,125.

for hiring an outside expert to make recommendations regarding re-zoning the Town, and revising the zoning laws. This outside expert to furnish a proposed land use map along with his recommendations.

Item: 2: Voted to adopt the following

#### RESOLUTION

WHEREAS, there is available to the Town of Glastonbury for the fiscal biennium beginning July 1, 1947, under the provisions of Section 190-F of the 1941 Supplement to the General Statutes, a sum now estimated at Fifteen Thousand and Fifty Dollars (\$15,050.00), and

WHEREAS, there is available to said Town of Glastonbury, under the provisions of Section 512c to 519c, inclusive, Cumulative Supplement to the General Statutes, the sum of Fifty-one Dollars and Thirty-nine Cents (\$51.39), and

WHEREAS, there will be available for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1948, under the provisions of Section 355i of the 1947 Supplement to the General Statutes, a further sum now estimated at Thirty-three Thousand, Five Hundred Dollars, (\$33,500.00).

NOW, THEREFORE, be it resolved that we, the legal voters of the Town of Glastonbury, in town meeting assembled this 5th day of May 1948, hereby authorize and instruct the Board of Selectmen to enter into an Agreement in the name and on behalf of the Town of Glastonbury, with the Highway Commissioner for the expenditure of the foregoing funds for the following purposes:

1. That the funds to be available under the provisions of Section 190-F now estimated at Fifteen Thousand and Fifty Dollars (\$15,050.00) shall be expended in conjunction with funds already allocated by virtue of an Agreement between the Town of Glastonbury and the Highway Commissioner which Agreement is dated April 17, 1946 for the completion of Thompson Street, beginning at New London Turnpike and extending northeasterly to a point to be designated by the Board of Selectmen; also, a section of Moseley Terrace, beginning at Coleman Road and extending to Overlook Extension, so-called, and if funds remain thereafter, to grade, drain, install necessary culverts and base and construct a gravel road on the following sections:

A. Great Swamp Road, beginning at the east end of the present improved section thereof and extending easterly and northerly to the Manchester-Glastonbury town line.

B. Thompson Street, beginning at the south end of the present improved section thereof and extending southerly to a point to be designated by the Board of Selectmen.

2. That the funds now available under the provisions of Section 512c viz. Fifty-one Dollars and Thirty-nine Cents (\$51.-39) together with funds to be available for the fiscal year beginning July 1, 1948 under the provisions of Section 355i, now estimated at Thirty-three Thousand, Five Hundred Dollars ((\$33,500.00) shall be expended, or so much thereof as may be necessary, shall be expended for the repair and surface treatment of such roads as the Selectmen shall designate and as shall be approved by the Highway Commissioner.

Item 3. VOTED—To appropriate an additional sum of \$4,000.00 for snow and ice removal.

Item 4. VOTED—To authorize the Board of Selectmen to sell at Public Auction a tract of land owned by the Town, consisting of 50 acres more or less, off Thompson Street.

Voted to adjourn at 10.00 P. M.

Attest: JOHN A. MILLER, Town Clerk.

#### Special Town Meeting

A special town meeting of the legal voters of the Town of Glastonbury was held at the High School Auditorium on Wednesday evening August 25, 1948 at 8:00 P. M. D. S. T.

Robert O. Rider was elected Chairman and in the absence of the Town Clerk Laura Hale Gorton was elected clerk.

The call of the meeting was read and the following action taken.

On motion of Mr. Olsen it was voted to appropriate \$26,000. for the construction of a fire house for Co. 2 in So. Glastonbury.

On motion of James Killam it was voted that the committee previously appointed by the town and consisting of Aaron Kinne, Paul Parshley and Henry Earsey be continued to work with the Fire Commissioners until the building is completed.

On motion of L. W. Howe an additional appropriation of \$5,000 for the Board of Education was voted.

On motion of John H. Roser it was voted that the Treasurer is hereby authorized to transfer, before August 31st, 1948, from the General Fund Surplus to the Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expenditures, an amount not to exceed \$41,000, such transfer to include the sum of \$3,500. voted by Town Meeting of August 25th, 1947, for Naubuc School plans, the intent of this inclusion being to finance the entire cost of the Naubuc School Addition out of the aforesaid Reserve Fund.

A motion made by First Selectman Potter that Peach Tree Road and Kimberly Lane be accepted as Town Roads was lost by a vote of 8 for and 13 against. On motion of Thomas Doherty it was voted that Peach Tree Road be accepted.

A discussion on acceptance and abandonment of roads followed.

On motion of Mr. Potter it was voted to abandon the following roads:

1. Gay City Road throughout its entire length; said road beginning at Birch Mountain Road and ending at the Hebron-Glastonbury Town Line.

2. Old Dock Road, throughout its entire length; beginning at Tryon Street and ending at the Connecticut River.

3. Mountain Road beginning at the end of the present improved section, at the property of the Manchester Water Company (Joseph Novelli's) and running easterly to Coop Road.

There was an estimated attendance of 40.

The meeting adjourned at 9:15 P. M.

LAURA HALE GORTON, Clerk.

## REPORTS

### THE BOARD OF SELECTMEN

Work of the various departments under the jurisdiction of the Board of Selectmen has been carried on as usual during the past year.

The Board has met weekly to pay bills and to consider matters requiring its attention. In our growing town, these matters have been varied, interesting and important.

The year has brought several definitely progressive steps which we believe are of important lasting benefit to the Town. These have to do mainly with the Highways and are worth, in our opinion, recounting in some detail.

We cannot begin without at least making passing mention of the past winter. No one can forget it. The unprecedented amount of snowfall and long continued cold required the most extensive snow removal and sanding operations in the Town's history. Of necessity, the budget was exceeded by just over \$4,000.00. We believe the very high standards expected by our citizens were met in full. The strain on our equipment, our faithful Highway workers and the nerves of the First Selectman were terrific but all survived—nearly intact.

The usual maintenance and oiling operations on the Highways were carried out and a considerable amount of badly needed fence repairs were made. A short section of Manchester Road was regraded, widened, and a clay pocket removed, effecting a substantial improvement.

The Highway Department workers were given two wage increases during the year to meet the rapidly increasing cost of living. Their pay is now comparable to that of State Highway Department workers.

Most important of all, by Town Vote we enrolled the Highway workers in the State Municipal Retirement Fund. These employees contribute 5% of their pay and the Town pays 7% of the Highway Department payroll, plus an annual charge of \$920.00 per year for employees' previous service and administrative costs. Workers permanently incapacitated as the result of injury on the job immediately begin to receive retirement benefits. Employees are eligible for retirement at age 65 if they have had 15 or more years of service, and retirement at the age of 70 is mandatory. The Highway employees have, with their

hearty approval, been set up in a dignified retirement system such as any progressive Company provides. This plan will enable us to be much more certain of retaining our key, experienced personnel and will, we believe, make Highway work more attractive.

For the first time, by arrangement with State Highway Department Authorities, the Town was allowed to construct new sections of road, using its own labor and equipment, with funds provided by the State through the Unimproved Road Fund.

Three such new sections were constructed, in accordance with the best engineering standards, on Goodale Hill Rd., Stancliff Rd., and Thompson St. They total one mile in length, and the entire cost was \$12,204.00. If this work had been done by private contractors as has always been the case previously, the minimum cost would have been \$25,000.00.

Moseley Terrace is now under construction, and agreements have been signed for constructing Great Swamp Road and another section of Thompson St. With the construction of these roads, only a mere handful of people will be left on Town Roads that are not hard surfaced.

Once the program of building unimproved roads is completed, it will be possible to devote considerable time to improving our present hard surfaced roads if sufficient funds are provided. Widening, regrading, and providing better drainage on some town roads are among the many things which can and should be done in the near future.

It is also planned to do a considerable amount of Armor Coating next year. This, in the long run, is by far the most economical surface treatment for roads.

Some time ago, the Town adopted new regulations providing that a developer must construct a new road, monument it properly, provide adequate drainage and sub-surface treatment, and gravel it to a depth of six inches before it is accepted by the Town. Peach Tree Lane, having been found to meet these requirements, was accepted by vote of the Town, and as this report is being written, Kimberly Lane was finally accepted. These requirements are in line with the procedure in most other Towns, and will save the Town both now and in the future, many, many thousands of dollars.

Purchase of a new truck in 1947 and another in 1948, with continuance of the established policy of purchasing a new truck each year, will soon completely modernize our fleet of five large

dump trucks and cut maintenance costs. These have been very high because new trucks could not be procured during the war years, and the Town was forced to continue those in service many years after they should have been disposed of.

The Town voted \$2,500.00 for improvements at the Town Office Building. The building was painted both inside and out, roof repairs were made and new sidewalks on both sides of the building were installed. These long needed repairs have made a substantial improvement in the appearance of the building.

The Selectmen inspected all sidewalks in the Town and directed, as is required by law, that necessary repairs be made by the abutting property owners. These repairs have been made promptly and cheerfully.

Everything purchased during the past year cost more than the year before. This plus the wage increases granted ran us \$500.00 over the Highway Budget of \$33,000.00. It was possible to stay within the other budgets on all except a few minor items. Because of the great increase in the general budget of the Town for the coming year, our budget requests have been cut to the absolute minimum. This of necessity, does not provide funds for any substantial road improvements other than those mentioned earlier in this report.

DONALD H. POTTER  
JOHN A. CARINI  
BRUCE E. RICHARDS  
The Board of Selectmen

### THE BOARD OF POLICE COMMISSIONERS

Regular monthly meetings of the Board were held throughout the past year on the first Thursday of each month. Following its customary procedure after a town election, reorganization of the Board took place with F. Howard Carrier being retained as Chairman and J. W. Purtil as Secretary.

The Department has continued under the supervision of Chief George C. Hall. It now numbers three regular officers, nine supernumeraries and one matron. A matron was added to the Department for use as needed for female prisoners at the request of Chief Hall. Several applications for supernumerary appointments were received and placed on file for future use.

General pay increases were established at the request of the regular and supernumerary officers. Starting November 1st, the

hourly pay of the supernumeraries was raised from .85 to \$1.00 and accident insurance was purchased for them providing \$2000 death or dismemberment and \$25 weekly indemnity benefits. On January 1st, the regular officers were given an 8% increased-cost-of-living bonus, which raised the Chief's total salary from \$2800 to \$3424, and the regular officers, from \$24.50 to \$26.46. These increases were granted after a careful study of the pay levels of surrounding towns and consideration of the State Employees' Retirement Plan, which Plan was subsequently rejected.

During the year, the Traffic Committee of the Board was actively engaged in surveying certain hazardous locations, particularly in regard to emergency parking conditions created by last winter's heavy snow storms. Many traffic signs have been erected and more will be placed as soon as current surveys are completed. The Board has attempted to cooperate with local organizations and groups in the control of local traffic conditions and the easing of congested parking areas.

A new radio was installed in the police cruiser. This with the new radio telephone hook-up through a booster located in Wethersfield eliminating dead spots, has improved reception and service to the outlying districts.

The following detailed breakdown of complaints and services of the Department accounts for a total of 2417 activities:

Radio Calls	1599	Traffic Control, Funerals	45
Prowler Complaints	18	Traffic Control, Fires	107
Thefts—major	17	Complaints, Dog Warden	80
Thefts—minor	24	Domestic Complaints	40
Property Damage	26	Firearms Complaints	16
Stolen Cars Recovered	4	Breach of Peace	40
Stolen Boats Recovered	2	Doors Located Open	43
Notices, Outside Depts.	77	Street Lights Reported Out	165
Complaints, Parked Cars	46		
Accidents Investigated	68		

The value of property recovered amounted to \$2,491. Four unnatural deaths occurred and were investigated by the Department as follows: one traffic fatality, one drowning, one accidental and one from carbon monoxide poisoning.

An award from the National Safety Council was received for completing the year of 1947 without a fatal motor vehicle traffic accident within the municipal limits.

F. HOWARD CARRIER, Chairman



## THE GLASTONBURY GREEN PARK ASSOCIATION

The Officers of the Glastonbury Park Association have given much thought this past year to the improvement and beautifying of the Park. We have employed the services of Mr. Thomas H. Desmond of Hartford who is a Landscape architect to give us ideas in planning and planting new shrubbery and changing the roadway so as to do away with the dangerous intersection at the approach to the Park and Cemetery at Station 41.

If there is also new interest concerning these improvements on the part of our Town Officials, as I am sure there is, much can be accomplished.

ALBERT H. CHAMBERLIN, Treasurer

## RECREATION COMMITTEE

In accordance with a vote passed at the last Annual Town Meeting, the present Recreation Committee was appointed in December 1947 by the Board of Selectmen. This committee was instructed "to maintain and supervise the use of such facilities for recreation as the Town of Glastonbury provides and to administer all funds appropriated for recreation." Meetings of the entire committee have been held regularly to plan a general program and to determine specific policies. Sub-committees have been chosen to direct each recreational activity and facility.

Many individuals and organizations participate in or sponsor recreational programs. A major objective of the Recreation Committee has been the co-ordination and integration of the programs of the several sponsoring groups in order that all participants may have an equal opportunity to use the available equipment and playing fields.

A brief summary of our work and the changes made during nine months of stewardship is given below.

**Winter Sports:** Flood lights were installed at Pond Pasture for night skating. When the heavy snow-fall terminated this sport, a half-mile slide was opened at Knob Hill.

The skating pond at "The Green" was abandoned due to the dangerous open dam and inability to maintain a constant water level.

**Baseball:** The Academy baseball field was re-conditioned and rebuilt largely through volunteer help and the use of Town equip-

ment. A water line was laid from the Academy School to the diamond. Benches for players and coaches were constructed. A full time care-taker of the baseball diamond, tennis courts and Williams Memorial Building was employed. A baseball league was organized.

**Tennis:** New equipment was purchased; the courts were improved; fence and backstops were repaired and painted.

**Golf:** The town pays the leases for land but the course is operated under contract. Due to the damage to the greens and fairways of the meadow portion by the prolonged freshet, the use of the course was far below the previous year.

**Angus Park Pool:** A concrete diving pier was constructed; the dam was widened and reinforced; a parking area was made; preliminary construction of a new beach on the east shore was completed; a fourteen foot diving board, floats and float lines were purchased; swimming classes as in previous years were continued.

### Williams Memorial Building:

Under an agreement with the Board of Education the Recreation Committee operates this building throughout the year after 6 P. M. on school days and the entire time on week-ends and school vacations.

Leagues for men and women bowlers use the bowling alleys five nights weekly. Bowling, basketball, badminton and the use of rooms by committees and Girl Scouts keep the whole building in use from September to May. Shower rooms and lockers are open during the summer for golfers, baseball and tennis players. A portion of the building is used as golf headquarters. The income to the town this year from operation of the bowling alleys in the building was \$3542.12. The cost of operation was \$2772.05 making a net profit to the Town of \$770.07.

### Recreational Needs

Two long range recreational needs are evident. One is the annual improvement, in accordance with a master-plan, of physical properties used for recreation and sports. The other is the necessity of securing, some time in the future, a supervisor skilled in the field of athletics and physical recreation who can take over the unification of a town wide program and assist the many town organizations now promoting recreation. The num-

ber and variety of recreational possibilities is so great that volunteer groups however interested can only sponsor a few of them.

#### Needed Physical Improvements

**Tennis:** Resurfacing of the present courts with clay or asphalt.

**Baseball:** Additional land near the Academy School in order that a proper athletic field may be laid out and maintained separately from the school playground. Improvement of the High Street School playground for use as a practice diamond or junior league baseball. An improved baseball diamond in East Glastonbury.

**Skating:** A lighted rink near Glastonbury Center.

**Basketball:** The construction of outdoor basketball courts at school playgrounds.

**Angus Park Pool:** Completion of improvements to the east side bathing beach; a permanent building housing toilets and dressing cubicles.

The Recreation Committee gratefully acknowledges the assistance rendered by many people and organizations. Especially are we indebted to: Richard Geary for the use of Pond Pasture for skating; Laura H. Gorton for the use of Knob Hill for sliding; the local Chapter of the American Red Cross for supplying life saving equipment and an additional life guard at Angus Park Pool; the Service Club of Glastonbury for three park-benches; the Exchange Club of Glastonbury for wire fencing; the Board of Selectmen for their assistance and supervision in making improvements at Angus Park Pool and at the baseball diamond.

LEE JAY WHITTLES, Chairman.

#### THE HEALTH OFFICER

The examinations of school children were carried on throughout the year with the assistance and cooperation of all local doctors and the school nurse. A total of 1400 pupils were examined. As usual all positive findings were reported to the parents so that attention could be given the various conditions found by their own family physician.

The annual Diphtheria-Tetanus Toxoid and Vaccination Clinic was held. Thirty-nine were given Diphtheria-Tetanus

Toxoid injections and forty-five were vaccinated. The rather small number of cases receiving the inoculations is evidently due to the fact that previous clinics and injections done on private patients had taken care of most of the age group requiring these inoculations.

On March 19th, again the Powers Company of New York did Chest X-rays on students, teachers, food handlers, and school personnel. Resume of the report is as follows:

298 Total X-rays taken—Sophomores, Juniors and Seniors.

223 Students' X-rays taken

75 Adults' X-rays taken

2 Adults requiring medical attention

No active tuberculosis found

It may be noted that 298 cases were X-rayed this year as against 709 cases the previous year. It is the belief of the State Department of Health it is not feasible to X-ray pupils in the lower grades, therefore only Sophomores, Juniors, and Seniors in High School were done along with the School personnel consisting of teachers, food handlers, bus drivers, and janitors.

Again the most common kind of complaint confronting the Health Officer in this Town is the sewage disposal problem. I hope in the future these situations will be taken care of by individual owners because I believe it will be many years before we have a municipal sewage system.

The communicable diseases reported are as follows:

Whooping Cough	6	Virus Pneumonia	1
German Measles	3	Infantile Paralysis	0
Measles	9	Tuberculosis	4
Mumps	23	Venereal Diseases	7
Chicken Pox	25	Diphtheria	0
Scarlet Fever	4	Malaria	0
Lobar Pneumonia	3	Brucellosis	4
Broncho Pneumonia	2	Conjunctivitis (Infectious)	1

Respectfully submitted,

EDWIN M. GRISWOLD, M.D.,

Health Officer.

**TOWN CLERK  
DEPARTMENTAL COSTS**

Fiscal Year	1945-46	1946-47	1947-48
Salary .....	\$700.00	\$700.00	\$700.00
Expenses .....	345.94	526.08	849.20
Warrantee Deeds .....			269
Quit-Claim Deeds .....			91
Releases .....			184
Mortgages .....			216
Assignments .....			18
Manuscript .....			204
Tax Liens .....			76
Tax Releases .....			71
War Veterans Discharges .....			101

**VITAL STATISTICS**

July 1st, 1947 to June 30th, 1948

Births in Town .....	3
Deaths in Town .....	46
Marriages in Town .....	60
Births out of Town .....	175
Deaths out of Town .....	30
Marriages out of Town .....	67

Respectfully submitted,

JOHN A. MILLER, Town Clerk.

**DIRECTORS OF PUBLIC LIBRARY**

The Library is open on Monday, Wednesday, and Friday from 1 P. M. to 9 P. M. The additional hour will give the pupils in some of our schools a greater opportunity to make use of its facilities. The staff now consists of six persons.

During the year annotated lists of books added to the juvenile room have been sent to every school in Glastonbury. This practice will be continued throughout the coming year.

Through the generosity of Mrs. William Cowles, books appropriate for Girl Scouts have been purchased in memory of Miss Anne S. Williams. A number of other books, both fiction and non-fiction, have been given to the Library. The Directors are grateful to the donors of these gifts.

Circulation totaled 28,940, divided as follows: Adult, 18,450, Juvenile 10,490. The figure for adults is slightly less than for the preceding year but for juveniles it is 41% greater, a most gratifying increase. More children are using the Library. Interest in non-fiction books both among adults and juveniles continues to increase. The figures by classes are as follows:

General: Adult 17; Philosophy, Adult 150, Juvenile 1; Religion, Adult 63, Juvenile 29; Social Science, Adult 220, Juvenile 206; Language, Adult 43, Juvenile 23; Science, Adult 207, Juvenile 207; Useful Arts, Adult 358, Juvenile 215; Fine Arts, Adult 710, Juvenile 145; Literature, Adult 526, Juvenile 112; History, Adult 499, Juvenile 183; Travel, Adult 570, Juvenile 70; Biography, Adult 568, Juvenile 126; Periodicals, Adult 1387, Juvenile 285.

844 Volumes were added during the year and 255 discarded. The net increase of 589 brought the total number of volumes in the Library on September 1, 1948, to 19059.

B. FLOYD TURNER, President

**GLASTONBURY PUBLIC LIBRARY ACCOUNT**

**Receipts**

Cash on Hand and in Bank 9/1/47 .....	\$ 87.03
Town Appropriation .....	5,900.00
Fines .....	411.75
Interest .....	67.60

\$6,466.38

**Expenditures**

Salaries .....	\$3,548.65
Books .....	1,514.90
Periodicals .....	247.05
Binding, Supplies, & Equipment .....	557.56
Phone .....	44.00
Insurance .....	184.22
Miscellaneous .....	39.64
Cash on Hand and in Bank 8/31/48 .....	330.36

\$6,466.38

A. J. HOPKINS, Treasurer

## THE TOWN COURT

The total volume of business in our Town Court was about the same as the preceding year. A partial summary of the Court's activity on the criminal side during the year was as follows:

Number of cases prosecuted .....	234
Convicted .....	199
Acquitted .....	7
Nolle pros .....	28
Motor Vehicle Law Violations .....	199
Convicted .....	172
Acquitted .....	6
Nolle pros .....	21

The total receipts were \$3,531.

There was general repetition of the difficult problems arising in summary processes of eviction cases. In most instances judgments were entered for the plaintiff-owner with stays of execution for varying periods determined in the light of existing equities. By virtue of the new law recently enacted in the 1948 special session of the Legislature, appeals and transfers may be now had so that final judgments in many cases of the future will rest with the Court of Common Pleas.

Respectfully submitted,

J. RONALD REGNIER, Judge.

## TOWN PLAN AND ZONING COMMISSION

Under 1947 State Enabling Legislation the Town of Glastonbury voted to combine the two functions of Zoning and Town Planning into a six-man, bi-partisan commission with the full powers and duties of each function.

In order for the new commission to have a basis upon which to study the over-all picture of its duties three committees of two men each were immediately formed to investigate and report on: 1) Zoning, 2) Building Code and 3) Town Planning. The reports from these committees revealed that immediate action was required: to provide the town with new areas for business and industry, to revise the Zoning regulations and map, and to bring up to date an antiquated building code.

Before recommendations for re-zoning study could be made an up to date Zoning Map had to be prepared. Forty changes

since the original map was made in 1930 had to be plotted on a new map. This was done with the help of the Assessor. In March 1948 the commission voted to request the Town to secure the services of a zoning expert. This request was approved and Professor Flavel Shurtleff of M.I.T., outstanding authority on zoning, was retained. In June the zoning survey commenced and the commission began regular meetings with Professor Shurtleff to discuss new regulations and proposed area changes. At the date of this report a Land-Use Map has been compiled; the Zoning Regulations have many proposed amendments; and several large tracts of land have been suggested as future sites for business and industry. All of these proposals will be presented for approval at a hearing in November 1948.

In the meantime the commission voted to adopt the State Building Code. The advantages are numerous: the Code is modern and can be readily amended from time to time; it is standard and has met with the approval of builders, architects and engineers; and finally, the adoption of this Code would result in considerable savings to the Town, since the attempt to revise the present code would be expensive.

In addition the commission re-zoned three tracts of land to expand the Industrial Zone; appointed Ray. W. Walz as full time Building Inspector in addition to his present duties as Assessor; accepted three new streets; approved five new sub-divisions, amended the Zoning Regulations to restrict the number of boarders in residence zones and further amended the regulations to permit public golf courses in residence zones.

ARTHUR B. ONDERDONK, Chairman

## ZONING BOARD OF APPEALS

The newly elected Zoning Board of Appeals had their organization meeting on October 8, 1947. At this meeting Arthur F. Goethner was elected chairman; Henry Carini vice-chairman and Anson J. Hopkins was elected secretary.

Fifteen meetings were held, of which thirteen were public hearings. Four cases required postponed hearings before a decision was rendered.

The work of the commission was greatly facilitated by the fine cooperation given to it by the building inspector. His attendance at the hearings where he supplied information readily and accurately, supported by maps and plans he had drawn, expedited many cases.

For this cooperation, however, we are in part indebted to the Town Plan and Zoning Commission for making a full time building inspector available to the town. This commission is also to be congratulated on its fine effort in re-zoning the town.

The Board of Appeals has adopted a policy on signs that permits signs of reasonable size and attractive design to be placed on the property occupied by a business. The commission does not approve of signs, however, remotely located from the business they advertise.

The commissioners feel that there is need for modernization and clarification of regulations respecting trailers. It is hoped that sanitary conditions in regards to trailers can be improved. Also with the large area of land that Glastonbury enjoys, it does not seem necessary to have trailers on roadside locations.

Possibly, designated areas with reasonable regulations may solve our trailer problem.

The present high cost of building makes the floor area in homes quite an expense. This is particularly true in Zone A, which includes most of our outlying areas. To build to the established floor areas in these times does create a problem which the commission tries to understand.

ARTHUR F. GOETHNER, Chairman.

### BUILDING INSPECTOR

The year ending August 31, 1948 has exceeded any year on Building Inspection Records since 1940.

With still a shortage of some building materials and costs of same still high, Glastonbury is building up at a faster rate than our neighboring towns.

Figures for the fiscal year 1947-1948 are as follows:

78 new Dwellings Erected	
	<u>Estimated Cost</u>
305 Building Permits .....	\$1,021,813.00
241 Electrical Permits .....	44,823.00
138 Plumbing Permits .....	87,243.00
11 New Master Electrician Licenses .....	} 133.00
24 Renewal Master Electrician Licenses .....	
4 New Master Plumber Licenses .....	} 96.00
28 Renewal Master Plumber Licenses .....	
Total .....	<u>\$1,154,108.00</u>

The total for the fiscal year for building, electrical and plumbing permits exceeds the total of the preceding year by \$505,355, an increase of over 77%.

The Town of Glastonbury has had in the past year several new developments recorded and these are being built upon very rapidly. They are a good grade of homes and the locations are excellent. These types of developments with buildings thereon will help Glastonbury grow and it will not be long before the surrounding cities will recognize the Town of Glastonbury as a fine suburban residential place and a very easy one to reach for commuters. The Town Plan and Zoning Commission is working very conscientiously on all these facts and is working with the Building Inspector for better building and zoning regulations.

In conclusion I would like to thank the Town Plan and Zoning Commission, the local Contractors and our past Building Inspector Harold M. Connolly and the Citizens of the Town of Glastonbury for their support and cooperation.

RAY W. WALZ, Building Inspector.

### THE BOARD OF FIRE COMMISSIONERS

The Board held regular monthly meetings and several special meetings during the year.

#### Fire Record

An increase in the number of fires over last year brought about a corresponding increase in property damage. However, in three of the bad building fires, damage, although quite extensive, was kept low enough that repairs soon had the buildings back into use.

<u>Property</u>	<u>Number of calls</u>	<u>Loss</u>
Buildings	39	\$19,621.00
Tobacco Tent	1	600.00
Automobiles	18	840.00
Grass and Brush	34	0
Dump Fires	5	0
False Alarms	7	0
Electrical Wires	5	0
Drownings	1	0
<b>Totals</b>	<u>110</u>	<u>\$21,061.00</u>

False alarms were largely due to faulty alarm equipment which we rent from the Telephone Company, and has been in use for many years, against our protest.

The larger property losses were: Bisi's Barn, Preli's Store, Connelly's House, Roser's Tannery.

Inadequate water supply and a delayed call for help were again a major cause for large losses.

The commission is very anxious to improve the present alarm system, with little hope for the future, and once again wish to publicly thank Mrs. George Olson and Mrs. Albert Dickau for their splendid service.

Carelessly set grass fires are still an item of great expense to the department, and we ask the residents of our town to help themselves get lower taxes by helping us reduce this expense caused by selfishness and thoughtlessness.

#### Housing Facilities

The Board is happy to state that work has at last begun on the new firehouse in South Glastonbury.

#### Apparatus

Due to the closing down of Sales by the War Assets Administration, we were unable to make any new purchases of much needed high priced equipment at a large saving of money as in previous years. However, our hope of fully equipped departments is gradually taking a turn for the better, and we must not lose sight of the fact that a new pumper will be a necessity in the near future.

#### Protection

Many new sections of town were given increased protection by the installation of new hydrants.

#### Street Lighting

Some entire streets previously dark were added to the lighting system. New and better lights were installed in the center while the Welles Village lights were added to our expense account.

#### Expenses

Once again our aged equipment broke down and incurred considerable expense, while the new pumper in South Glastonbury ran at a cost of little more than was necessary for gasoline

and oil. Criticisms of false economy may result from this statement, but present economic conditions are to be blamed and not your town officials.

#### Personnel

All officers of the three companies remain the same as the previous year with only a slight change of firemen, mostly due to retirement because of age. We sincerely thank these men for the years of excellent service they gave the town.

#### Remunerations

Due to an increase in the number of alarms, firemen received only forty-three cents for each unit received for response to an alarm, or each hour of service. We again beg the residents of Glastonbury to keep down the thoughtless and careless lighting of fires, that we may give these sincere, hard working volunteer servants of the town a better token of our appreciation in the future.

DWIGHT E. WEIR, Secretary

### FIRE MARSHAL

The Fire Marshal has made the following inspections:

	Number
Churches .....	10
Schools .....	11
Restaurants .....	6
Lodges and Clubs .....	9
Hotel Buildings .....	7
Laundries .....	2
Town Owned Buildings .....	5
Stores .....	45
Garages and Gasoline Stations .....	21
Factory Buildings .....	21
Taverns and Package Stores .....	10
Apartment Houses .....	5
Post Offices .....	2
Carnivals .....	3
Petroleum Trucks .....	10
Fireworks .....	6
Oil Storage Tanks .....	4
Miscellaneous .....	8
Fire Inspections .....	22
Total.....	207

The inspections revealed that most of the premises in town were in fair condition. Improvements have been made to eliminate fire hazards in several churches and other public places of assembly. The most noticeable step toward fire safety found in my inspections was the number of proper fire extinguishers installed by gas stations and garages.

Fire drills were called by me in all local schools and were found to be very satisfactory although there could be some improvement in the alarm systems.

Inspections this year will be made according to the new Connecticut Fire Safety Code and will call for more detailed work by the Fire Marshal and stricter compliance by all parties concerned.

ALBERT W. DICKAU, Fire Marshal

### WELFARE DEPARTMENT

This report is submitted in an earnest desire to acquaint the Townspeople with the activities of this department and to refute any general impression that the need for public welfare is, or should be, practically nonexistent during this peak period of employment and high wage levels. Social problems do present themselves, bringing with them a need for counseling and for financial help. Medical relief is a main factor in our case load, including drugs, doctor, dental and hospital care and patients in State institutions. According to the General Statutes of the State of Connecticut, each town must provide support for its needy whether the client has legal settlement there or not. The town is reimbursed for all non-settled cases and for aliens. Unemployable and chronically ill cases are removed from relief only by death or eligibility for some other type of relief such as Old Age Assistance. Many times it is possible to keep persons off relief by job referrals or budget planning. Many services are rendered which require extensive investigation and case work but involve no expenditure of Welfare funds.

In general the cases are divided as follows:

#### INSANE AND OTHER POOR—

The number of patients in State Institutions is fairly constant at 12 or 13. We have been able to remove some patients from our lists through re-investigation and determination of ability of legally liable relatives to pay. However, new admis-

sions are responsible for our inability to show any substantial decrease. A special study is under way at this time to locate family burial plots for the aged in this group to prevent burial in a pauper lot. Some of the patients in this group have been in various institutions as far back as 1903.

#### AID TO DEPENDENT CHILDREN—

All children under 16 years of age, or under 18 if at school, who are deprived of support or care because of the death of a parent, continued absence of a parent from the home, or physical or mental incapacity of a parent are eligible for this type of relief. The town Welfare is billed for one third of the total cost. During the past year we have had eight families with 23 children in this category.

#### TOWN FARM—

The Town Farm is located in South Glastonbury on Still Hill. The standard of living maintained there is one the Town may well be proud of. We are able to maintain 13 men there cheaper and under closer supervision than were these men in private homes. All men are given a semi-annual physical and are removed from the farm when they are no longer able to be up and about. The men raise a small vegetable garden and all their potatoes for the year. We are hoping to be able to paint the outside of these buildings this fall.

#### OUTDOOR AID—

All hospital, doctor and medicine charges are in this grouping, also charges for basic maintenance for the unemployable, chronically ill and children in foster homes. This office also pays \$100.00 for all soldier burials where there is not sufficient estate to pay for the last illness and burial of the soldier. The Town is later reimbursed by the State Veterans Home Commission.

#### OLD AGE ASSISTANCE—

All applications for help for this group are filed through this office. Persons eligible must be 65 years of age, a citizen of the United States, not an inmate of a public institution, must have lived in Connecticut for five out of the last nine years and for one year immediately preceding the date of his application and have insufficient income to meet his essential living expenses. The amount of benefit received is set by the State after thorough investigation of resources. All Old Age beneficiaries have received an increase of \$5.00 per month to better meet their needs.

The problems of these old people are many and varied and the local welfare worker is frequently called upon for counsel.

#### ADMINISTRATION

The Department suffered a distinct loss with the resignation of Mr. Ernest Wardle in June 1948, after 9 years of service. Mr. Wardle guided the great mass of detail of this department with a minimum of difficulty, starting with an all new commission in 1939. As the work decreased the department cut the office worker from full time in 1939 to part time and later dropped the clerk. Now the work is on the increase and the commission has again felt it necessary to employ a part time worker.

#### Expenditures

Outdoor Aid .....	\$11,161.83
Insane & Other Poor .....	1,482.02
Dependent Children .....	1,590.16
Town Farm .....	4,595.58
Administration .....	3,510.25
	<hr/>
	\$22,339.84
Receipts (detailed in Bd. of Fin. Report) .....	10,705.31
Net Cost to Town .....	\$11,634.53

I am deeply appreciative of the helpful interest and understanding of the Welfare Commissioners and of the fine cooperation and willing efforts on the part of the Town Clerk, the Town Counsel and the Town Court Officials. I am grateful, also, to the Visiting Nurses, the local branch of the American Red Cross and the Salvation Army who have been helpful during the past year.

Respectfully submitted,  
Hazel H. Nevin, Director of Welfare

#### THE BOARD OF EDUCATION

Again through the untiring efforts of our superintendent Mr. Knox the schools were opened as scheduled with a full staff of excellent teachers.

As the cost of living was still on the upgrade it was necessary to again adjust the salary schedules to keep them in line with those of other towns.

At a Town meeting held March 29th, 1948, it was voted to appropriate \$137,000. for a four room addition to the Naubuc School, which is sorely needed as we have had to use the Community building in Welles Village to house part of the First grade. This addition should be ready for occupancy after the Thanksgiving recess, and is another step in the Board's building program.

Much thought should be given to the completion of the whole building program immediately as all our class rooms are filled to capacity and, as stated in previous reports, adequate Physical Educational facilities are sorely needed.

LOUIS O. HOUSE, JR., Chairman.

#### THE SCHOOL NURSE

Due to the cooperation of the Health Officer and all other physicians in Glastonbury, each pupil was given a complete and thorough physical examination.

Total examinations .....	1400
Total defects .....	393
Referred to their own physicians .....	228
Referred to their dentist .....	165

Eye tests were made of all students and advice and assistance given.

Defects found .....	53
Examined by oculist .....	25

Chest X-rays were taken of High School students in the three upper classes, also teachers, food handlers and all other personnel.

No active tuberculosis was found. These X-rays were made available through the sale of Christmas Seals.

Toxoid-antitoxin and tetanus was given at school.	
Students .....	17
Pre-school children .....	22
Smallpox vaccinations—pre-school .....	45

We are continuing to sell cod liver oil pills at 5c per week. Those unable to pay are given the pills free through the cooperation of the Visiting Nurses' Association.

FLORENCE A. RISLEY, R.N., School Nurse



## THE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS

To The Board of Education,  
Glastonbury

This year has been one of steady, regular activity for teachers and pupils. No particular changes were made in curricula, courses of study or methods. One addition was made in the high school. A course in Automobile Driver Training was begun, with the assistance of the State Department of Education and the American Automobile Association. Pupils who were approaching their 16th birthday were given instruction in laws and rules governing the operation of Motor Vehicles and were then given on-the-road training in a teacher-controlled car.

After passing tests from the Motor Vehicles Department they became eligible for operator's licenses. The hope is that through this careful preparation they will become more careful, safe drivers than those who have just picked up their training at odd times.

The high school entered 97 freshmen and graduated 62 seniors.

The picture in the elementary schools has continued as was anticipated. We registered 163 in grade one and promoted 93 from grade eight. That does not indicate a loss for grade eight, but a decided increase for grade one.

Fortunately the Town did vote to build a four classroom addition to the Naubuc School and it is well along toward completion. The need for more space will be the subject for further discussion during the coming year. The Town of Glastonbury is growing in all directions. If it is to keep its school facilities in step with housing and merchandising facilities a constant program of forecasting school needs must be kept going. And, when realized, action must be taken to create the facilities needed.

When people look at the school budget for the coming year they will feel a shock and wonder if it is well spent. That is a natural reaction, but the blow may be softened a little if people will recall that they are constantly asking for more transportation of children, for more facilities for serving noon day lunches, for reducing the pupil load per teacher, for the expanded use of school facilities by groups in the town, just to mention a few. All these, and many more, and each one costs dollars.

The limits of these pages confine this report to the obvious and to the highlights of the year only.

There is need for constant public discussion of the functions and needs of schools today. The dollars and cents approach is vitally important and may determine what can be accomplished by the schools.

The other approach to the school problem is typified by the rights and needs of these beautiful six year old children who come to our doors.

Respectfully submitted,  
Francis S. Knox, Superintendent

## ADULT EDUCATION

During the past year the Adult Education Program continued to work with the Foreign-born in the Literacy and Americanization field. There were 18 students enrolled and over one-half of the group were recent arrivals to this country. The problems of families trying to become united with relatives who want to come from foreign countries are still with us, and probably will continue for some years.

Verie Hartwell again continued to carry on baseball, softball, bowling and basketball programs in the recreational field with a total aggregate attendance of 13,320 participant hours. At the Angus Park Pond, facilities were used on an informal basis but no adult swimming classes were given. However, during the coming summer there may be a demand for adult instruction.

Two hundred and one calls were received for information on various subjects including the immigration and naturalization cases.

In Glastonbury there are many groups doing a certain amount of Adult Education work as a part of their contribution to the life of the community. However, there appears to be a need for more coordination of all activities so that adequate service can be given to all adult residents, young and old and men and women in all phases of this field—cultural, vocational, avocational, social and recreational. The population of our community is on the increase and we should have a plan worked out so that both old and new residents can get the activities that they desire. This calls for a well rounded program.

EMERSON C. REED  
Supervisor of Adult Education

## GLASTONBURY PUBLIC SCHOOLS

	Expenditures 1947-1948	1947-1948 Appropriations
<b>General Control</b>		
Administrative Salaries .....	\$ 5,500.00	\$ 5,500.00
Clerical Salaries .....	3,900.00	3,835.00
Supplies and Other Expenses .....	500.00	912.87
<b>Instruction</b>		
Supervisors .....	3,600.00	3,600.00
Principals .....	4,400.00	4,400.00
Teachers .....	140,112.25	143,678.26
Other Instructional Staff .....	3,000.00	1,425.00
Textbooks .....	3,750.00	3,093.35
Instructional Supplies .....	8,500.00	10,416.44
<b>Operation</b>		
Janitors' Salaries .....	12,072.00	11,702.37
Fuel .....	6,500.00	7,989.73
Water, Light and Power .....	3,000.00	2,713.23
Supplies and Other Expenses .....	2,500.00	804.43
Telephone .....	375.00	435.50
Cartage .....	250.00	388.38
<b>Maintenance</b>		
Repairs by Contract .....	6,350.00	7,102.01
Supplies and Other Expenses .....	10,000.00	11,290.22
<b>Auxiliary</b>		
School Library-Supplies and Other Expenses .....	700.00	708.07
Health Salaries .....	3,615.00	3,615.00
Supplies and Other Expenses .....	300.00	46.40
Transportation		
Salaries .....	19,000.00	16,660.09
Supplies and Other Expenses .....	6,000.00	5,184.80
Attendance Enforcement and Enumeration		
Salaries .....	500.00	530.28
Adult Education .....	900.00	720.00
Traveling Expenses .....	950.00	950.00
Contingency Fund .....	2,325.75	2,325.75

### Fixed Charges

Insurance .....	7,500.00	8,450.52
Rents .....	150.00	100.00

### Capital Outlays

New Equipment .....	1,250.00	1,178.20
	\$257,500.00	\$257,100.07

### AVERAGE COST PER PUPIL 1947-1948

Elementary School Pupils .....	\$176.86
High School Pupils .....	\$281.25

### DENTAL HYGIENIST

BUCKINGHAM SCHOOL	HUBBARD SCHOOL	HIGH ST. SCHOOL
ADDISON SCHOOL	NAUBUC SCHOOL	ACADEMY SCHOOL
NEIPSIC SCHOOL		HIGH SCHOOL
Notices sent to parents to sign .....		
		1282
Cleanings .....		
		873
Examinations .....		
		873
Charts made out .....		
		873
Duplicate charts sent to parents .....		
		873
Given individual instructions in home care of teeth .....		
		873
No. of cavities found in permanent teeth .....		
		2402
No. of cavities found in deciduous teeth .....		
		1646
No. of permanent teeth needing extraction .....		
		45
No. of deciduous teeth needing extraction .....		
		145
No. that have been to the dentist since last school inspection .....		
		400
No. that visit their family dentist regularly .....		
		267
No. that do not need dental care at the present time .....		
		153

MARION COE, Dental Hygienist

NOTE—This report includes only the children who returned signed slips to have their teeth cleaned, not the entire school.

## THE ASSESSOR

Another year has gone by and Glastonbury's Grand List has taken another record breaking increase, very close to one million dollars, to the actual amount of \$942,190. This increase is \$478,750 greater than the previous year. This is a very good record considering our net Grand List of only \$12,341,554. Without this increase there would have been an extra burden on all taxpayers.

Since my last report, the Town has combined the work of the Assessor and the Building Inspector into one position. This consolidation of the two positions will help not only the taxpayer in the revenue picked up by the Assessor, it will, in his role of Building Inspector, save doubling miles because under the old system both Building Inspector and Assessor had to visit the same building or buildings sometime within the year. It saves the people of Glastonbury valuable time in that they can come into the office at their convenience for permits or information either about buildings or tax valuations anytime during office hours the year round.

The Town of Glastonbury and its Officials seem to be first in line in Connecticut's small towns to be able to solve problems of how to serve the public in all branches of local government without placing extra burdens on the taxpayers.

With this new combined office of Assessor and Building Inspector, I believe the Town's Grand List and building will progress more rapidly and accurately and more business-like than ever before.

In conclusion I again wish to thank the Town Officials, also the Taxpayers for their cooperation.

RAY W. WALZ, Assessor.

## GRAND LIST

October 1, 1947

1821 Dwelling Houses .....	\$ 6,124,057
3805 Barns, Sheds, Ice and Store Houses, Private Garages, etc. ....	852,029
3046 House Lots and Building Lots .....	1,711,387
98 Business Buildings excluding factories .....	533,106
9 Buildings used for Mills and Mfg. ....	366,000
28,992.2 Acres of Land .....	1,263,256
2952 Motor Vehicles .....	1,195,107
Aircraft and Trailers .....	2,000
Machinery, Water Power & Dams .....	598,900
121 Horses .....	6,845
854 Neat Cattle, including Purebreds .....	31,000
Sheep, Goats, Swine and Poultry .....	18,735
Furniture, Libraries, Radios and Musical Instruments .....	83,420
Goods of Mfrs., Merchants and Traders .....	652,912
All Other Taxable Property .....	297,725
10% Additional on Lists not given .....	4,519
Gross 1947 Grand List after all changes by the Board of Tax Review and after all cor- rections by the Town Clerk .....	\$13,740,998
Total exemptions of servicemen, ex-servicemen, and the blind .....	457,254

### Net Grand List of Municipality, on Which

Tax will be levied .....	\$13,283,744
1946 Grand List .....	12,341,554

Note: These figures do not include "Welles Village."

Number of Lists .....	4818
Tax Rate Laid by Board of Finance.....	25 Mills
Special Tax for Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expenditures .....	2 Mills
Extra Tax Fire Zone I .....	2 Mills
Extra Tax Fire Zone II .....	1 Mill
Extra Tax Fire Zone III .....	½ Mill
Total List Zone I .....	\$6,194,400
Total List Zone II .....	3,887,358
Total List Zone III .....	3,201,986

## TOWN OWNED PROPERTIES

As at August 31, 1948

Assessed Values 10/1/45

	Land	Build- ings	Total	Fire In- surance Coverage
Town Hall and Park	\$17,455	\$5,080	\$22,535	\$12,000
Police Station	1,599	2,495	4,094	5,250
Town Office Building	4,606	20,707	25,313	44,000
Town Farm	800	6,386	7,186	13,500
Fire House—Pratt Street	1,380	9,819	11,199	19,000
Fire House—East Glastonbury	1,350	5,000	6,350	7,000
Schools				663,000
Academy	800	84,672	84,672	
Addison	900	4,500	5,300	
Buckingham	900	9,412	10,312	
High	7,599	118,238	125,837	
High Street	2,713	87,000	89,713	
Hubbard Street	1,680	10,000	11,680	
Naubuc	4,886	42,217	47,103	
Neipsic	1,000	9,000	10,000	
Glastonbury Free Academy—Contri- buted—3/10/47	2,110	10,542	12,652	
Williams Memorial— Contributed— 3/10/47	2,130	28,867	30,997	
Gravel Bank—New London Turnpike	858	.....	858	
Town Dump—New London Turnpike	48	.....	48	
Park—New London Turnpike	350	.....	350	
Acreage—East Glastonbury	300	.....	300	
Fire House Site—South Glastonbury (Cost \$2,000)	2,600	.....	2,600	
	55,164	\$453,935	\$509,099	

Naubuc School—New Addition	80,000
Equipment—Estimated— Furniture and Equipment	25,000
Highway Trucks and Equipment	22,000
School Buses	3,000
Fire Pumpers— G. M. C. 1937	4,000
LaFrance, 1931	1,500
Reo 1927	500
Chevrolet 1944	1,975
Total	\$ 647,074

## COLLECTOR OF TAXES

During the past fiscal year tax collections have been larger than at any time in the history of the town. While the satisfactory collection ratio established has required concentrated effort on the part of the Collector's Office it obviously could not have been obtained without the cooperation of the taxpayers as a whole and the realization by the great majority of them that prompt payment is a civic obligation as well as to their own best financial interest. I wish to express my appreciation to the nearly 97% of the taxpayers who have made payment in full on the List of 1947, for their cooperative response.

Satisfactory progress has been made in the collection of past due taxes. Efforts will be made in the coming year to further reduce the outstanding amount of these taxes. The office now has an up-to-date back tax record where previously the Collector has been more or less dependent on the individual rate book for the accurate status of a delinquent tax. The new law which enables a Collector to put through a blanket foreclosure on several properties should prove helpful in disposing of small delinquent taxes of long standing at minimum cost.

An intensive drive for the collection of a large number of uncollected Old Age Assistance Taxes which your present Collector inherited resulted in a sizable reduction in the number of delinquents. There are at present relatively few collectible items outstanding.

It is imperative that every qualifying Veteran receive the exemption to which he is entitled under the law. While it was necessary to make several Veterans' Tax Exemption adjustments on the List of 1947 it is believed that the exemption status of nearly all qualifying Veterans has now been established. Consequently there should be need of few adjustments of this nature in the coming year. The future status of the out of state Veteran relative to his eligibility for exemption should be clarified upon settlement of a suit presently pending before the courts.

It must be realized that as the Grand List is increasing each and every year the duties of the Collector are increasing proportionately. Because of this fact your Collector is endeavoring to install more modern collection methods in order that more time may be available for the constant follow up of delinquents and to eliminate the need for additional clerical help.

In closing may I express my appreciation to the other officials for their cooperation. May I also assure all property owners of my desire and intention to serve them in an efficient and forthright manner.

WESLEY J. POLLARD, Collector.

### Property Tax Transactions

List Oct. 1	Tax Due	Uncollected and 1947 List Taxes 9/1/47	Lawful Adjust- ments	Collections		Collectible Uncollected Taxes 8/31/48
				Taxes	Lien Fees and Interest	
1932	1933	\$233.26	\$233.26	.....	.....	.....
1932	1934	325.76	37.40	.....	.....	288.36
1934	1935	294.05	54.39	.....	.....	239.66
1935	1936	261.26	38.99	.....	.....	222.27
1936	1937	271.68	36.19	.....	.....	235.49
1937	1938	315.20	25.43	.....	.....	289.77
1938	1939	448.19	102.84	60.79	43.92	284.56
1939	1940	644.29	43.02	167.38	91.64	433.89
1940	1941	1,580.46	704.41	635.75	26.78	240.30
1941	1942	561.99	147.65	139.15	79.44	275.19
1942	1943	511.34	192.36	125.88	56.59	193.10
1943	1944	1,012.28	433.37	122.24	53.34	456.67
1944	1945	887.60	279.11	132.28	51.15	476.21
1945	1946	1,819.70	664.78	241.55	54.86	913.37
1946	1947	13,207.38	220.82	10,370.42	592.10	2,616.14
Total Prior Years		\$22,374.44	\$3,214.02	\$11,995.44	\$1,049.82	\$7,164.98
1947	1948	376,538.26	1,034.15	360,577.46	131.19	14,926.65
		\$398,912.70	\$4,248.17	\$372,572.90	\$1,181.01	\$22,091.63

### Old Age Assistance Tax Transactions

Enrol. Oct. 1st	Due 2/1	Uncollected Taxes 9/1/47	Lawful Adjust- ments	Collections		Collectible Uncollected Taxes 8/31/48
				Taxes	Penalties	
1935	1936	\$39.00	39.00	.....	.....	.....
1936	1937	69.00	57.00	6.00	2.00	6.00
1937	1938	112.00	88.00	21.00	7.00	3.00
1938	1939	159.00	123.00	24.00	8.00	12.00
1939	1940	167.00	132.00	24.00	8.00	11.00
1940	1941	156.00	111.00	30.00	10.00	15.00
1941	1942	291.00	24.00	21.00	7.00	246.00
1942	1943	248.00	33.00	44.00	14.00	171.00
1943	1944	109.80	3.00	18.00	6.00	88.80
1944	1945	258.00	21.00	30.00	10.00	207.00
1945	1946	261.00	18.00	90.00	30.00	153.00
1946	1947	360.00	12.00	189.00	63.00	159.00
		\$2,229.80	\$661.00	\$497.00	\$165.00	\$1,071.80

I hereby certify that the total uncollected taxes on each rate bill at the end of the fiscal year, as they appear in the last column of the above statements, agree with the detailed listing of uncollected taxes appearing in each rate bill.

WESLEY J. POLLARD, Tax Collector

## TREASURER'S REPORT

### TRUST FUNDS

Assets	Town Deposit Fund	Cemetery Funds	Library Funds*	Totals
<b>Cash—</b>				
Glastonbury Bank and Trust Co., Savings .....	\$6,153.63	\$302.27	\$388.85	\$6,844.75
<b>Investments—</b>				
First Mortgage Note .....	1,500.00			1,500.00
U. S. Savings Bonds .....			2,500.00	2,500.00
Totals .....	\$7,653.63	\$302.27	\$2,888.85	\$10,844.75
<b>Liability and Balances</b>				
State of Connecticut, Subject to Call .....				
\$7,653.63				\$7,653.63
<b>Expendable Income—</b>				
Welles Fund .....			15.70	15.70
<b>Trust Fund</b>				
Balances .....		302.27	2,873.15	3,175.42
Totals .....	\$7,653.63	\$302.27	\$2,888.85	\$10,844.75

\*Control of Library Treasurer

### DEBT LIMITATION STATEMENT

As at August 31, 1948

Taxable Property, October 1, 1947 .....	\$13,283,744.00
Exempt Property, October 1, 1947 .....	1,053,847.00
Total Subject to Debt Limit .....	\$14,337,591.00
Five Per Cent Debt Limit .....	716,879.55
Bonded Debt, August 31, 1948 .....	54,000.00
Excess of Debt Limit over Actual Debt .....	\$ 662,879.55

## RESERVE FUND FOR CAPITAL AND NON-RECURRING EXPENDITURES

Balance in Fund, Sept. 1, 1947 .....	\$ 57,279.03
Interest on U. S. Savings Notes Sold .....	395.60
Two Mill Tax on Grand List of 10/1/47 .....	26,567.49
Transfer from General Fund Surplus, Voted August 25, 1948 .....	41,000.00
Total Fund	125,242.12
Transfer to Naubuc School Building Fund Represented by Expenditures .....	
	76,304.10
Balance Available, August 31, 1948 .....	\$ 48,938.02
(Encumbered for Naubuc School)	

### BONDED INDEBTEDNESS

As at August 31, 1948

	Original Issue	Outstanding 8/31/48
<b>High School Bonds —</b>		
Dated January 1, 1923 \$5,000. due annually on January 1, 1949 to 1958 4½% .....	\$175,000	\$50,000
<b>Academy School Bonds —</b>		
Dated May 1, 1929, \$4,000. due May 1, 1949 4½% .....	80,000	4,000
Total		\$54,000

ROBERT O. RIDER, Treasurer

## SUMMARY OF AUDITOR'S REPORT\*

Board of Finance,  
Town of Glastonbury,  
Connecticut

Gentleman:

We have made an audit of the books of account and financial records of the Town of Glastonbury, Connecticut, for the fiscal year ended August 31, 1948.

### COMMENTS

#### Scope of Audit

Our audit was conducted in accordance with the requirements of independent auditors as set forth by the State Tax Commissioner, under authority of the 1939 Municipal Audit Act.

#### Condition of Records and Conduct of Offices

The Town maintains a double entry system of bookkeeping. Forms, as prescribed by the Tax Commissioner, are used by all of the Town Officials.

The records were found to have been kept in accordance with good accounting practice.

#### Resume of Financial Transactions and Condition

At a town meeting, held on November 3, 1947, it was voted to accept a tentative allotment from the State Public School Buildings Commission toward the cost of the Naubuc School Addition.

At a town meeting, held on November 24, 1947, it was voted to adopt a budget for the year 1947-1948 of \$465,097.50 as printed in the annual town report. It was also voted to set aside two mills on the the taxable grand list of October 1, 1947 in the reserve fund for future capital expenditures.

At subsequent town meetings, the following appropriations were voted:

Held	Purpose	Amount
1/26/48	Painting, Repairs, Furniture and Walk Improvements— Town Office Building .....	\$ 2,500.00

\*Complete Report on File with Town Clerk.

3/29/48	Addition to Naubuc School .....	133,500.00
	Retirement Fund for Employees ....	847.50
	Architect Fees for South Glastonbury Fire House .....	817.50
5/5 /48	Zoning Expert .....	2,125.00
	Snow and Ice Removal .....	4,000.00
8/25/48	New Fire House, South Glastonbury	26,000.00
	Board of Education—Insurance .....	5,000.00

At the town meeting, held on March 29, 1948, it was voted to authorize the treasurer to draw on the reserve fund for capital expenditures to pay for the addition to the Naubuc School.

At the town meeting, held on August 25, 1948, it was voted to transfer \$41,000 from general fund surplus to the reserve for future capital expenditures, and include financing of the appropriation for Naubuc School plans of \$3,500 voted at a town meeting, held on August 25, 1947.

At a board of finance meeting held on February 3, 1948, tax rates were voted as follows:

Town Proper	25 Mills
Future Capital	
Expenditures Reserve	2 "
Fire Zone (1)	2 "
Fire Zone (2)	1 "
Fire Zone (3)	½ "

At a board of finance meeting, held on August 17, 1948, the following increases in appropriations were voted:

South Glastonbury Library .....	\$100.00
Holiday Observance .....	31.60
Purchase of New Car (Selectman) .....	500.00
Settlement of Tyrol Case .....	350.00
Retirement Fund .....	72.50

At meetings, held by the board of finance, on December 9, 1947, March 23, 1948 and August 17, 1948, transfers were voted.

At a town meeting, held on November 24, 1947, a six year plan was voted for new improvements and, while estimates were furnished, the vote did not refer to actual appropriations.

Bonds were retired during the year totaling \$9,000.

### Cash

All cash balances were verified and reconciled with confirmations, received direct from the depositories.

Receipts were properly and promptly deposited and could be traced to definite groups of deposits.

Book balances were reconciled at least monthly.

There are no loose or improper methods in the handling of cash.

### Cash Discounts

All discounts were found to have been taken.

Confirmations were mailed to certain taxpayers owing taxes at August 31, 1948 with the following results:

	<u>Property</u>	<u>Old Age</u>
Confirmations received as correct	14	3
Complaint as to Transfer	1	
Returned by Post Office	1	
No Reply	44	33
	—	—
Total Mailed	60	36
	—	—

### Accounts Payable

There were no known unpaid bills or judgments against the town at date for current expenses.

The Naubuc school addition was in process of construction at the close of the year, and the appropriation has been encumbered for the payment of the contractor's bills and for equipment thereof.

### Recommendations

There are no recommendations necessary at this time.

### Officials in a Fiduciary Capacity

Robert O. Rider, Town Treasurer  
Harold H. Harrison, Tax Collector to 10/6/47  
Wesley J. Pollard, Tax Collector from 10/6/47  
Donald Potter, First Selectman  
John A. Miller, Town Clerk  
Ralph A. Bowman, Court Clerk and Prosecutor  
Anson J. Hopkins, Library Treasurer  
Francis S. Knox, School Superintendent  
(Signed) H. M. ALEXANDER & CO.

## THE BOARD OF FINANCE

Currently engaged in the struggle against raising costs, let us pause and look back ten years to 1938, when we were also engaged in a struggle. At that time we were endeavoring to pull out of the depression and to rid ourselves of the large bonded indebtedness with which we were saddled.

Our basic tax rate then as it is now, was 25 mills. We were beginning to see daylight ahead. With the gradual improvement in general economic conditions, resulting in better collections of current taxes and heavily accumulated back taxes, it was possible to reduce the rate to a low of 20 mills in the years 1943 and 1944. Since then, with rapidly rising costs and expanding educational facilities to meet the increasing needs of a growing population, our tax rate has again reached 25 mills for the year 1947/48, with a further advance in prospect for the year 1948/49.

From 1938 to 1948 the Grand List of the Town increased by roughly 50%, largely through residential growth. An analysis of operational costs shows that expenses of the various town agencies, excepting Education, have gone up in just about the same ratio as the Grand List. On the other hand, the expenses of the Board of Education have increased by exactly 150%, three times the rate of the other town departments. It is also interesting to note that the annual cost per elementary school pupil, at \$176.85 for 1947/48, has doubled in ten years, while the annual cost per high school pupil, now at \$271.25, has tripled. It would appear, therefore, that any past sins of omission in respect to the support of our school system have been rectified.

During these ten years we have reduced our bonded debt, including full payment of all funding bond issues, by exactly \$25,000. During this same period we have, by means of the Capital Reserve Fund, financed out of current income the High Street School addition, the Naubuc School addition, acquisition and reconstruction of Fire Houses No. 1 and No. 3, acquisition of Angus Park Pond and surrounding recreational areas and have on hand the funds for construction of Fire House No. 2, representing a total outlay of approximately \$250,000. Thus, by reducing our indebtedness to the extent of a quarter million dollars, and increasing our capital assets by the same figure, we have added \$500,000 to the net worth of the Town of Glastonbury as a going concern, and have put it on an eminently sound credit basis.

Your Board of Finance neither takes—nor deserves—credit for the reduction in bonded indebtedness. The bonds had to be



paid, as they matured, and it was simply a matter of including these maturing bonds in the annual budget and providing for payment by an adequate tax rate. Your Board does, however, take a measure of pride in the success of its pay-as-you-go policy which, with the co-operation of the Town in voting special taxes and cash transfers for the Capital Reserve Fund, has made it possible to finance all the above-mentioned projects, totalling about \$250,000, without issuing bonds. This is in contrast to methods prevailing in years gone by. For instance, we built our High School in 1923. It cost \$175,000 and could, without undue hardship, have been paid for by means of short term notes over a period of a few years. Instead, a 35-year bond issue was floated. By 1948, when the last of these bonds are paid, the cost to the Town of Glastonbury in interest charges will have been \$137,812.50!

The past fiscal year was highlighted by the setting-up, through joint agreement with the Board of Finance, the Board of Education and the World War II Memorial Committee, of a time-table for further expansion of our educational system and for construction of a Memorial Gymnasium.

The first unit under this time-table, the Naubuc School addition, has been constructed and paid for out of the Capital Reserve Fund, which was built up in anticipation of that project, together with the help of a State grant. Another unit, The Eastbury School will, it is anticipated, also be financed under the pay-as-you-go program. The third and by far the largest project, not only of the time-table but in the history of our Town, the expansion of the High School and Academy school, together with the construction of the Memorial Gymnasium, lies beyond the scope of short term financing and will necessitate a bond issue.

The budget for the fiscal year 1948/49 is of record size, despite determined and successful efforts by your Board to effect certain economies. The amount to be raised by taxes is about \$77,000 larger than last year and even after allowing for a normal increase in the Grand List, a rise of several mills in the tax rate will be unavoidable.

It is hoped that the ratio of expenditures to Grand List will by next year have reached a degree of stability, so that the property tax burden on our citizens will become no heavier.

Mervin B. Edmonston                      Joseph J. Katz  
 John Q. Goodrich                         Raymond H. Friel  
 Francis G. Way                             John H. Roser, Chmn.

## COMBINED REPORT OF TREASURER AND BOARD OF FINANCE

### Treasurer's Report of General Fund Receipts and Expenditures for Fiscal Year 1947/48 and Board of Finance Report for 1948/49.

RECEIPTS	Actual Receipts 1947/48	Estimated Receipts 1948/49
<b>Property Taxes</b>		
General Property Tax, current levy .....	\$316,131.15	\$369,235.60
General Property Tax, prior levies .....	11,995.44	7,500.00
Fire Zone levies .....	17,878.82	18,000.00
Tax for Capital and Non-recurr. Expend. ....	26,567.49	27,500.00
Penalties, Interest and Fees .....	1,181.01	600.00
	\$373,753.91	\$422,835.60
<b>Old Age Assistance Taxes</b>		
Old Age Assist. Tax, prior levies .....	497.00	100.00
Penalties, Interest & Fees .....	165.00	25.00
	\$ 662.00	\$ 125.00
<b>In Lieu of Taxes</b>		
Federal Housing Authority (Welles Vil.) ....	19,565.09	18,000.00
State of Connecticut (State Parks) .....	247.67	200.00
	\$ 19,812.76	\$ 18,200.00
<b>Support of Schools</b>		
Grant — State of Connecticut .....	\$ 59,412.90	\$ 60,735.00
Elementary Transportation — State .....	7,503.29	7,000.00
Trade School Transportation — State .....	180.03	170.00
Adult Education — State .....	1,386.77	600.00
Glastonbury Free Academy Association .....	1,200.00	1,200.00
Town Deposit Fund .....	151.68	150.00
Rental of Hall .....	12.00	.....
	\$ 69,846.67	\$ 69,855.00
<b>Highways</b>		
Town Aid Roads — State .....	\$ 6,155.10	\$ 6,000.00
Unimproved Roads — State .....	12,204.57	15,000.00
<b>Refunds</b>		
Town of Marlborough .....	180.30	.....
Town of Portland .....	7.00	.....
Individuals .....	155.10	.....
Snow Removal .....	50.00	.....
	\$ 18,752.07	\$ 21,000.00
<b>Welfare Commission</b>		
Outdoor Aid — State .....	\$ 4,789.03	\$ 6,000.00
Child Welfare — State .....	200.91	150.00
Burial of Veteran — State .....	300.00	.....
Town Farm Income .....	669.25	500.00
Refunds — Individuals .....	4,746.12	750.00
	\$ 10,705.31	\$ 7,400.00

	Actual Receipts 1947/48	Estimated Receipts 1948/49
<b>Sundry Taxes and Licenses</b>		
Gasoline Tax Refunds — State .....	\$ 291.68	\$ 200.00
Liquor Licenses — State .....	7,136.67	6,000.00
Estate Penalty Tax — State .....	128.99	.....
Motor Bus Tax — State .....	1,958.80	1,900.00
	<u>\$ 9,516.14</u>	<u>\$ 8,100.00</u>
<b>Town Court</b> .....	\$ 3,068.08	\$ 2,500.00
<b>Recreation Committee</b>		
Williams Memorial Building Income .....	\$ 3,542.12	\$ 3,100.00
<b>Dog Licenses and Damages</b>		
License Receipts — Town Clerk .....	\$ 1,703.25	\$ 1,500.00
License Distribution — State .....	930.46	600.00
Damages — State .....	616.40	300.00
	<u>\$ 3,250.11</u>	<u>\$ 2,400.00</u>
<b>Police Department</b>		
Supernumeraries Private Duty .....	\$ 629.00	\$ 700.00
<b>Fire Department</b>		
Hydrant Assessments .....	\$ 23.81	\$ 625.00
<b>Zoning and Planning</b>		
Town Plan & Zoning Commission .....	\$ 60.00	.....
Zoning Board of Appeals .....	125.00	350.00
	<u>\$ 185.00</u>	<u>\$ 350.00</u>
<b>Permits</b>		
Building Inspector's Fees (50%) .....	\$ 1,061.25	\$ 1,400.00
Various permits .....	46.00	25.00
	<u>\$ 1,107.25</u>	<u>\$ 1,425.00</u>
<b>Unclassified</b>		
Public Libraries — State .....	\$ 100.00	\$ 100.00
Sewer Connections .....	150.00	.....
Conn. River Bridge Commission .....	360.00	.....
Sale of land (taxes) .....	1,250.00	.....
Miscellaneous .....	26.55	.....
	<u>\$ 1,886.55</u>	<u>\$ 100.00</u>
	<u>\$516,740.78</u>	<u>\$560,140.60</u>
<b>Temporary Borrowings</b> .....	\$210,000.00	.....
Cash on Hand, September 1st, 1947 .....	19,533.68	.....
Cash on Hand, August 31st, 1948 .....	.....	3,681.90
	<u>\$746,274.46</u>	<u>\$563,822.50</u>

## EXPENDITURES

	Actual Expenditures 1947-48	Estimated Expenditures 1948-49
Budget Expenditures (see detailed report) .....	\$464,815.97	\$536,322.50
Two Mill Tax for Capital Reserve Fund .....	26,567.49	27,500.00
Cash Transfer to Capital Reserve Fund .....	41,000.00	.....
Veterans' Tuition .....	209.10	.....
Repayment Temporary Borrowings .....	210,000.00	.....
Cash on Hand, August 31st, 1948 .....	3,681.90	.....
	<u>\$746,274.46</u>	<u>\$563,822.50</u>

## DETAILED EXPENDITURES

	Appropriations and Transfers 1947-48	Actual Expenditures 1947-48	Budget Appropriations 1948-49
<b>General Government</b>			
Selectmen — First .....	\$3,900.00	\$3,900.00	\$3,900.00
Second .....	300.00	283.00	300.00
Third .....	300.00	283.00	300.00
Automobile .....	400.00	395.82	400.00
Office Supplies .....	360.34	360.34	450.00
Clerical Salary .....	2,203.34	2,203.34	2,150.00
Legal Notices .....	125.00	85.20	125.00
New Car .....	500.00	500.00	700.00
<b>Treasurer</b>			
Salary .....	900.00	900.00	900.00
Bond .....	100.00	80.00	100.00
Expenses .....	75.00	19.24	75.00
<b>Town Clerk</b>			
Salary .....	700.00	700.00	700.00
Expenses .....	849.20	849.20	700.00
Town Counsel .....	1,513.22	1,513.22	1,500.00
Town Auditors .....	700.00	700.00	700.00
Town Buildings Maintenance .....	3,750.00	3,479.11	3,750.00
<b>Insurance</b>			
Liability .....	3,540.06	3,540.06	4,500.00
Compensation .....	1,026.68	1,026.68	1,350.00
Fire .....	750.00	617.73	575.00
Bd of Finance—Expense .....	150.00	72.63	100.00
Printing Town Reports .....	701.95	701.95	650.00
	<u>\$22,844.79</u>	<u>\$22,210.52</u>	<u>\$23,925.00</u>
<b>Planning and Zoning</b>			
Town Plan & Zon. Comm. ....	900.00	394.69	900.00
Zoning Board of Appeals ...	178.97	178.97	495.00
Zoning Expert .....	2,125.00	2,000.00	125.00
	<u>\$3,203.97</u>	<u>\$2,573.66</u>	<u>\$1,520.00</u>

	Appropriations and Transfers 1947-48	Actual Expenditures 1947-48	Budget Appropriations 1948-49
<b>Tax Assessment Expense</b>			
Assessor's Salary .....	\$3,000	\$3,000.00	\$3,000.00
Printing & Supplies .....	800.00	609.60	900.00
Clerical Salary .....	1,925.00	1,925.00	2,000.00
Car Expense .....	200.00	200.00	200.00
Board of Tax Review .....	200.00	154.05	200.00
	<u>\$6,125.00</u>	<u>\$5,888.65</u>	<u>\$6,300.00</u>
<b>Tax Collection Expense</b>			
Collector's Salary .....	\$1,800.00	\$1,800.00	\$1,800.00
Collector's Bond .....	300.00	208.00	300.00
Clerical Expense .....	300.00	300.00	300.00
Clerical Expense—Special .....	75.00	75.00	.....
Printing & Supplies .....	565.48	565.48	685.00
Legal Expense .....	84.52	17.65	200.00
Office Equipment .....	100.00	.....	535.00
Collector's Lien Fees .....	200.00	179.00	200.00
Town Clerk's Lien Fees .....	100.00	95.75	100.00
Preparing Tax Rate Book .....	450.00	450.00	475.00
Burglary & Robbery Ins. ....	.....	.....	175.00
	<u>\$3,975.00</u>	<u>\$3,690.88</u>	<u>\$4,770.00</u>
<b>Town Court</b> .....	<u>\$4,000.00</u>	<u>\$3,944.37</u>	<u>\$4,000.00</u>
<b>Election Expense</b>			
Registrars .....	\$1,300.00	\$ 923.17	\$1,300.00
Attendants .....	400.00	355.25	400.00
Printing .....	950.00	815.98	950.00
	<u>\$2,650.00</u>	<u>\$2,094.40</u>	<u>\$2,650.00</u>
<b>Police Department</b>			
Police Officers .....	\$8,161.88	\$8,161.88	\$8,500.00
Supernumeraries .....	2,174.72	2,174.72	2,300.00
Supernum. Private Duty .....	635.00	635.00	600.00
School Guards .....	903.00	903.00	1,000.00
Insurance .....	455.67	455.67	400.00
Police Car Maintenance .....	1,641.14	1,641.14	1,650.00
Stat. Main. & Dept. Supplies .....	1,967.69	1,967.69	1,400.00
Radio .....	350.70	350.70	350.00
Emergency Truck Exp. ....	14.20	14.20	100.00
New Cruiser .....	.....	.....	700.00
	<u>\$16,304.00</u>	<u>\$16,304.00</u>	<u>\$17,000.00</u>
<b>Fire Department</b>			
New Equipment .....	\$1,250.00	\$1,206.67	\$1,250.00
Maint. of Bldgs. & Equip. ....	3,750.00	3,530.32	4,750.00
Hydrant Rentals .....	637.50	637.50	750.00
Office & Phone Expense .....	908.90	908.90	900.00
Insurance .....	820.00	627.07	820.00
Special Services .....	400.00	346.00	400.00
Hydrant Installations .....	1,955.42	1,955.42	1,250.00

	Appropriations and Transfers 1947-48	Actual Expenditures 1947-48	Budget Appropriations 1948-49
Education .....	200.00	175.82	200.00
Purchase Govt. Equipment .....	1,648.18	660.00	1,500.00
Firemen's Services .....	1,250.00	1,234.96	1,400.00
	<u>\$12,820.00</u>	<u>\$11,282.66</u>	<u>\$13,220.00</u>
Street Lighting .....	6,680.00	5,991.37	7,500.00
	<u>\$19,500.00</u>	<u>\$17,274.03</u>	<u>\$20,720.00</u>
<b>Health</b>			
Health Officer .....	\$1,100.00	\$1,034.65	\$1,100.00
Vital Statistics .....	505.05	505.05	550.00
Visiting Nurse Assoc. ....	3,500.00	3,500.00	4,250.00
	<u>\$5,105.05</u>	<u>\$5,039.70</u>	<u>\$5,900.00</u>
<b>Sanitation</b>			
Meadow Drain .....	\$ 389.03	\$ 283.51	\$ 700.00
Care of Town Dump .....	1,910.97	1,910.97	2,000.00
Improvements to Dump .....	200.00	34.50	.....
Clean-up Weeks .....	900.00	751.21	1,100.00
	<u>\$3,400.00</u>	<u>\$2,980.19</u>	<u>\$3,800.00</u>
<b>Highway Department</b>			
Labor & Supplies .....	\$33,500.00	\$33,495.10	\$35,550.00
Retirement Fund .....	920.00	920.00	3,720.00
Snow & Ice Removal .....	11,500.00	11,492.95	7,500.00
Town Dirt Roads .....	15,000.00	12,186.08	15,000.00
	<u>\$60,920.00</u>	<u>\$58,094.13</u>	<u>\$61,700.00</u>
<b>Welfare Commission</b> .....	<u>\$22,000.00</u>	<u>\$22,339.84</u>	<u>\$28,750.00</u>
<b>Public Service Enterprises</b>			
Tree Warden — Salary .....	50.00	50.00	50.00
Tree Warden Expenses .....	1,200.00	1,143.00	1,200.00
<b>Cemeteries</b>			
Green .....	200.00	200.00	200.00
Old Church .....	200.00	200.00	200.00
Still Hill .....	200.00	200.00	200.00
Still Hill — Special .....	.....	.....	100.00
Various — Town care .....	401.50	401.50	400.00
Green Park Association .....	200.00	200.00	500.00
Memorial Day Observance .....	331.60	331.60	350.00
	<u>\$2,783.10</u>	<u>\$2,726.10</u>	<u>\$3,200.00</u>
<b>Board of Education</b> .....	<u>\$257,500.00</u>	<u>\$257,100.07</u>	<u>\$300,000.00</u>
<b>Recreation Committee</b> .....	<u>\$5,500.00</u>	<u>\$5,494.67</u>	<u>.....</u>
Williams Memorial Bldg. ....	.....	.....	3,100.00
Other Recreational Facilities .....	.....	.....	2,695.00
	<u>\$5,500.00</u>	<u>\$5,494.67</u>	<u>\$5,795.00</u>

	Appropriations and Transfers 1947-48	Actual Expenditures 1947-48	Budget Appropriations 1948-49
<b>Libraries</b>			
Town Library .....	\$5,900.00	\$5,900.00	\$6,370.00
So. Glastonbury Library ....	600.00	600.00	600.00
	<u>\$6,500.00</u>	<u>\$6,500.00</u>	<u>\$6,970.00</u>
<b>Debt Retirement</b>			
High School Bonds .....	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00	\$5,000.00
Academy School Bonds .....	4,000.00	4,000.00	4,000.00
	<u>\$9,000.00</u>	<u>\$9,000.00</u>	<u>\$9,000.00</u>
<b>Interest on Indebtedness</b>			
High School Bonds .....	\$2,362.50	\$2,362.50	\$2,137.50
Academy School Bonds .....	360.00	360.00	180.00
Temporary Loans .....	1,500.00	754.69	1,175.00
	<u>\$4,222.50</u>	<u>\$3,477.19</u>	<u>\$3,492.50</u>
<b>Payments to Civil Bodies</b>			
County Tax .....	\$5,845.33	\$5,845.33	\$7,500.00
Probate Court Tax .....	351.51	351.51	250.00
	<u>\$6,196.84</u>	<u>\$6,196.84</u>	<u>\$7,750.00</u>
<b>Dog Licenses &amp; Damages</b>			
Licenses — to State .....	\$ 900.00	\$ 852.41	\$ 900.00
Damage by Dogs .....	1,000.00	843.14	1,000.00
	<u>\$1,900.00</u>	<u>\$1,695.55</u>	<u>\$1,900.00</u>
<b>Capital Expenditures</b>			
Voting Machine .....	\$1,000.00	\$ 953.00	.....
Highway Truck .....	4,523.80	4,523.80	4,510.00
Snow Plow & Hoist .....	.....	.....	900.00
Map File — Town Clerk .....	.....	.....	250.00
Improvements —			
Town Office Bldg. ....	2,500.00	2,489.16	400.00
Fire House No. 2 Plans .....	1,417.50	1,417.50	.....
Sanitary Facilities —			
Angus Park Pool .....	.....	.....	1,800.00
	<u>\$9,441.30</u>	<u>\$9,383.46</u>	<u>\$7,860.00</u>
<b>Unclassified</b>			
Contingent Fund .....	\$3,720.05	.....	\$6,000.00
Honor Roll Maintenance .....	.....	.....	200.00
Recording Veterans Discharges .....	.....	.....	200.00
Tax Refunds .....	250.00	65.62	250.00
Fire Marshall .....	400.00	392.10	600.00
Sewer Committee .....	150.00	.....	.....
Tyrol Case .....	350.00	350.00	.....
Property Revaluation .....	.....	.....	2,000.00
	<u>\$4,870.05</u>	<u>\$ 807.72</u>	<u>\$9,250.00</u>
<b>Totals</b> .....	<u>\$477,941.60</u>	<u>\$464,815.97</u>	<u>\$536,322.50</u>

## SUMMARY

Budget Appropriations—1947-48 .....		\$465,097.50
Less: Contingent Fund .....	\$6,000.00	
Naubuc School Plans paid out of Capital Reserve Fund .....	3,500.00	9,500.00
		<u>\$455,597.50</u>
Add: Transfers by Board of Finance from Contingent Fund .....		2,279.95
Special Appropriations by Board of Finance:		
Holiday Observance .....	31.60	
Town Libraries .....	100.00	
Retirement Fund .....	72.50	
Selectmen-Automobile .....	500.00	
Tyrol Case .....	350.00	1,054.10
Special Appropriations by Town Meetings:		
Retirement Fund .....	847.50	
Zoning Expert .....	2,125.00	
Snow & Ice Removal .....	4,000.00	
Education .....	5,000.00	
Fire House No. 2 Plans .....	817.50	
Repairs, Town Office Bldg. ....	2,500.00	15,290.00
		<u>\$474,221.55</u>
<b>Total Appropriations — 1947-48</b> .....		<u>\$474,221.55</u>
<b>Actual Expenditures — 1947-48</b> .....		<u>464,815.97</u>
<b>Net Unexpended Balances</b> .....		<u>\$ 9,405.58</u>

## WHERE THE MONEY COMES FROM

Receipts for Fiscal Year 1947/48

Per Cent	Amount
72.32 Property Taxes .....	\$373,753.91
3.83 In Lieu of Taxes .....	19,812.76
13.52 Support of Schools	
11.50% State Grant .....	\$59,412.90
1.76% State—various .....	9,070.09
0.26% Other Income .....	<u>1,363.68</u>
	69,846.67
3.63 Highways	
3.55% Town Aid and Unimproved Roads — State .....	18,359.67
0.08% Various Receipts .....	<u>392.40</u>
	18,752.07
2.07 Welfare .....	10,705.31
1.84 Sundry Taxes and Licenses— State .....	9,516.14
0.60 Town Court .....	3,068.08
0.69 Recreation .....	3,542.12
0.63 Dog Licenses and Damages .....	3,250.11
0.21 Permits .....	1,107.25
0.66 Various Receipts .....	3,386.36
	<u>\$516,740.78</u>
100.00	

## WHERE THE MONEY GOES

Expenditures for Fiscal Year 1947/48

Per Cent	Amount
4.16 General Government .....	\$ 22,210.52
0.48 Planning and Zoning .....	2,573.66
1.11 Tax Assessment Expense .....	5,888.65
0.70 Tax Collection Expense .....	3,690.88
0.74 Town Court .....	3,944.37
0.39 Election Expense .....	2,094.40
3.06 Police Department .....	16,304.00
2.12 Fire Department .....	11,282.66
1.13 Street Lighting .....	5,991.37
0.95 Health .....	5,039.70
0.56 Sanitation .....	2,980.19
10.91 Highways .....	58,094.13
4.20 Welfare .....	22,339.84
0.50 Public Service Enterprises .....	2,726.10
48.25 Education .....	257,100.17
1.13 Recreation .....	5,494.67
1.22 Libraries .....	6,500.00
2.34 Debt Retirement and Interest .....	12,477.19
1.16 County and Probate Court Taxes .....	6,196.84
0.31 Dog Licenses and Damages .....	1,695.55
1.76 Capital Expenditures .....	9,383.46
0.14 Unclassified .....	807.72
12.68 Reserve Fund for Capital and Non-recurring Expend. (Two Mill Tax and Cash Transfer)	67,567.49
	<u>\$532,592.56</u>
100.00	

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